

# THE ANTIOCH NEWS.

Pledged to The Republican Policy of Reciprocity and Protection to American Industries, as Formulated in The Republican National Platform.

VOL. XVIII.

ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS, THURSDAY, MARCH 30, 1905.

NO. 32

## PEOPLE THAT YOU KNOW

What They Are Doing--Where They Have Been

### NEWS AROUND TOWN

Interesting Items Gathered Here and There in Our Journeys About Town.

ELGIN, ILL., Mch. 27--Butter firm at 29c. Output of the week, 432,700 lbs.

Free Garden Seeds. Chase Webb.

New Spring Hats, up-to-date. Chase Webb.

Mr. and Mrs. Roll Shultz were Chicago visitors Monday.

New Spring Suits for men and boys. Chase Webb.

The Eastern Star are taking in quite a number of new members lately.

I have the best Milk Can that \$2.00 will buy. Chase Webb.

J. P. Bird, of the Greenacres, has been in Memphis, Tenn., the past week.

Suits made to order. Good fit and work guaranteed. Chase Webb.

Try my Holland Sweet Peas, 12 cents a can. Chase Webb.

Mr. and Mrs. Divine Olcott were Waukegan visitors the latter part of last week.

I will shear sheep and at a reasonable price. First class shearing done. 32w8 B. Brya.

Look! our window is full of Shirts at 39 cents, worth 50 to 75 cents. Chase Webb.

New and second hand pianos and sewing machines for sale or rent, or will trade for horses. L. B. Grice. 20tf

Rev. Cleworth goes to his former charge Riverside, Ill., to deliver a lecture this (Thursday) evening.

The hunters have had exceptionally good luck this spring, and large strings are being brought in every day.

Write to Alden, Bidinger & Co., Waukegan, Ill., for prices and terms on new and used pianos and organs. 6tf

E. A. Dorance and wife and a party of friends of Chicago, were out to their cottage at Lake Catherine over Sunday.

Dr. Chas. H. Barber will be in Antioch from April 6 to April 12, at the home of H. J. Barber. Dr. C. H. Barber.

Next Saturday, April 1, at 7:30 p. m., the annual village caucus will be held for the election of a president, clerk, treasurer and three trustees.

Tuesday was the warmest day ever experienced in the month of March in this locality. The thermometer registered seventy-two degrees.

The new Trade Mark Registration law will go into effect on April 1st. Users of Trade Marks can get a copy of the law by sending a postage stamp to C. A. Snow & Co., solicitors of Patents and Trade Marks, Washington, D. C.

The Ladies Aid Society of the M. E. church will hold its next regular meeting in the basement of the church Wednesday afternoon, April 5, at 3 o'clock. Visitors are always welcome. Supper served from five until seven. Jessie E. Higgins, Sec'y.

Are you getting acquainted with that great man who helped to give us our Bible? His name was Paul. We are considering his life and his lessons on Sunday mornings at the Methodist church. Next Sunday morning the subject will be "Paul's Preaching." In the evening the sermon will be on the subject: "Who is a Christian? The World's Answer."

Wanted--Five energetic men or women to represent us in Illinois, to distribute samples and advertise our goods. Salary \$85.00 a month and expenses, guaranteed. Expenses advanced. Experience unnecessary. Address, with stamp, stating age, present occupation. Reeve Co., Dept. W. L. 1, 415 Dearborn St., Chicago.

For Sale--80-acre farm 3 miles northeast of Antioch, just over the line in Wisconsin, new house worth \$2,500, barn 70x36, sheds and other out buildings, 2 wells, windmill, about 20 acres of low land which is very fine for hay or pasture. It has been farmed by the present owner for several years and is in a high state of cultivation. Price \$8,000. James & Johnson.

On Wednesday morning at the hour of 10:30, Mr. Frank Harden and Miss Minnie Drury were quietly married at the home of Rev. Wm. C. Cleworth. Both are well known and popular young people and have a wide circle of friends, who extend to them best wishes for a long and happy life. Mr. and Mrs. Harden left on the 11:17 train for a short wedding trip. We understand that they intend to make their home in this vicinity.

A full line of Shelf Hardware. Chase Webb.

On Tuesday of next week, April 4, the annual township election will be held.

See my big line of samples for Summer Suits. Chase Webb.

Rev. Fisher and wife, of Salem, were visitors at the Methodist parsonage on Monday.

Farmers are already beginning to plow and at the rate the ground is drying up, oats will be put in this week.

At a meeting of the board of town auditors held on Tuesday, R. D. Emmons was appointed as thistle commissioner in the place of Frank Pitman, Sr.

Wanted--A Gasoline Launch that will hold not less than 12 people. Address E. Hostetter, Hostetter Inn, Antioch, Ill., R. F. D. No. 1. 32w4

The funeral of Mrs. Wm. Van Patten, of Millburn, was held on Tuesday afternoon of this week. Rev. Wm. C. Cleworth of this place officiating. Mrs. Van Patten had reached the age of 82 years when the final summons came. The body was inured at Kenosha, Wis.

For Sale--A 40-acre farm, situated 3 miles east of Lake Villa and 1/4 mile north of Sand Lake, 23 acres of land under plow, 7 acres seeded down, 5 acres of timber, all hard land, free from foul seed of any kind, 9-room house, one part is 16x20, two stories high, other part is 14x20, one story high, 1 acre of strawberries and raspberries, 60 young fruit trees, price \$3,000.00. James & Johnson.

Lessons on the Piano, Organ, Violin, Guitar and Mandolin and instruction in Harmony may be had at the studio of Prof. O. A. Linneer, Antioch. Can furnish the above instruments carefully selected, and at low prices. The piano handled is of high grade and unsurpassed in beauty of tone, evenness of scale, workmanship and durability. Prof. O. A. Linneer. 32m6

MAN COMMITS SUICIDE TO END ILLNESS

Worn out and discouraged by three months of illness, disheartened by the prospect of never again being strong and healthy, Saturday night near eight o'clock Anders Frederick Verrellius turned over on his bed of pain, grasped a razor from a wash stand in the little back room of his home where he was lying, and slashed both wrists so that he bled to death before the deed was discovered.

Verrellius resided at 688 Marion street, near South avenue, Waukegan. He was a middle aged man and leaves a wife and grown son. Mrs. Verrellius was home at the time of the tragedy.

Verrellius was dead when discovered and is said to have given not the least warning of his intentions. He was discovered dead by the boarder in the Verrellius home, Oscar Johnson, who shortly before the discovery had with Mrs. Verrellius and one Anderson his guest, heard heavy groans from the back bedroom where Verrellius slept and was invalidated. Going up with Mrs. Verrellius to find out the cause of the noise, he found the old man dead in bed while the blood-spattered walls and coverlets told the story in a flash. Under the stand whence he grasped it was flung the razor with which he did the deed, covered with blood and matted with hair, and lying as though he had flung it aside in a death agony. His head was thrown back and his arms were extended so that the horribly gashed wrists could be seen.

Mrs. Verrellius became hysterical and said that she would kill herself. Later she was calmed. The boarder ran to the nearest telephone after communicating the fearful tidings to the family, and telephoned the police from the Anderson residence next door. It was Anderson who first examined the remains and discovered the man to be dead.

Chief Grady, Officer Tiernan, Edward Conrad and George Larsen made up the party that removed the remains on an electric car to the Larsen & Conrad morgue where it could be seen Saturday night.

By the evidence given by the body Verrellius could not have known exactly where to cut with the razor to release the life fluid, as both wrists were cut and slashed for a space several inches in length and the right hand hung by a mere thread of flesh. There were no other cuts on the body. Verrellius was in bed in his underclothes when he took his own life.

A SICKLY JOKE.

Hereafter the preachers of Antioch will be required to diagram their jokes and give plans and specifications for their long range figures of speech, says the Kansas City Journal.

One of them said of a woman recently that "she ought to go to hell."

It raised a terrible commotion in the church. Then the preacher explained.

He said his idea was that if such a good woman went to hell there would be no hell.

## TO AMEND TAX LAWS

County Clerk Hendee Drafts Important Revenue Bill.

### IS TO REFORM EVILS

Senator Tiffany Has Introduced The Measure Into The Senate. Many Favor The New Bill.

County Clerk A. L. Hendee has drafted a bill to amend Section 114 of the Act for the Assessment of Property and for the levy and collection of taxes that promises to be one of the most popular bills ever introduced into the legislature. The bill has been introduced in the Senate by Senator Tiffany and the outlook for its final passage is exceedingly bright. The bill in full is as follows:

"An Act to amend Section 114 of an Act entitled, 'An Act for the Assessment of Property and for the levy and collection of taxes' approved March 30, 1872, in force July 1, 1872.

"Be it enacted by the people of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly, that Section 114 of an Act entitled 'An Act for the Assessment of Property and for the levy and collections of Taxes,' approved March 30, 1872, in force July 1, 1872, be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

"Section 114. The said Board of Equalization on or before the fifteenth day of November in each year shall complete its equalization of assessments and its assessment of property subject to assessment by said Board, and the Chairman and Secretary shall, within five (5) days thereafter, certify to the Auditor the rate finally determined by said board to be added or deducted from the listed or assessed valuation of each class of property in the several counties, and also the amounts assessed by said Auditor, immediately thereafter and under his seal of office, to report the action of the Board to the several county clerks. Provided, however, that a failure to complete such equalization and such assessment and to certify the same in the time required by this act shall not vitiate the equalization or the assessment, but the same shall be as legal and valid as if completed and certified in the time required by the law."

The passage of this amendment will cause many needed reforms in the assessment and tax laws of the state and is the result of Mr. Hendee's years of experience in this work.

By requiring the State Board of Equalization to finish its work at a certain time it will enable the county clerks of the state to finish the collector's books in the time required by law, now an impossibility under the tax methods in vogue and save every county in the state hundreds of dollars in extra clerk hire.

Mr. Hendee is in receipt of letters from county clerks all over the state commending the bill and volunteering the use of their influence to secure its passage.

BEWARE THE EASY SHELTER.

Refuge There an Important Step Toward Old Age.

Years are but a fool's measure for youth, which is divine; they bring caution more often than wisdom, and a certain belief in the unreality of joy. A man is quickly disillusioned, which commonly means that he has set up his own idea of what things should be by the side of what things are, and sulks forever at the result. He then commits the folly of becoming old, and prefers existence to life. He clambers into one or other of the many shelters that line the way, curls up within and smiles pityingly at the young of all ages pressing on to some end, no matter what, alive to the beauty of the sky and the clouds and the birds and the trees, alive even to the beauty to be seen in one another, breathing deeply of the air of strength, living and loving and beloved, until at last they are made one with nature. But the heart, like the liver, grows torpid without exercise; a gradual decay comes to the man in the shelter, a decay from which he is released, much against his will, by death. There are too many shelters--Hugh de Selincourt.

Cheap Trip to Oklahoma.

Free Tourist Sleeper from St. Louis to Greer county, Oklahoma, on the following dates: April 4th and 18th. Rate for round trip, \$20 from Chicago, including the free sleeper from St. Louis on through. I will be in Chicago to personally conduct this excursion and will be glad to have you make one of these trips with me. You will never have a better opportunity to take a look at the beautiful southwest country again. For further information call on or write D. T. Webb, Waukegan, Ill., or myself at Ulster, Oklahoma.

Very respectfully,

Geo. E. Webb.

KNOW ALL ABOUT APPENDICITIS.

Jersey School Superintendent Loses a Little Mistaken Lore.

Many a layman has been "stumped" in trying to master the intricacies of the vermiform appendix. But let everybody take heart.

In an aristocratic New Jersey suburb recently the superintendent of public schools was visiting a grade while a lesson in physiology was being demonstrated. The teacher was explaining the construction of the spinal column. She compared it to a string of beads in order to show its formation, and drew a diagram for further illumination.

When the lesson was finished the superintendent suggested that a most important feature of the spinal column had not been explained.

"It is this curious, pointed section at the base," he said, indicating the end of the vertebral column, "which is called the vermiform appendix. You have all heard of appendicitis? Very good. Well, that is the name given to a disease which is caused by an inflammation of this appendix. An operation for appendicitis means an amputation of this useless appendix."

There is a new superintendent of public schools in that suburban New Jersey town.

Obituary.

The Chicago Telegram of March 11, has the following obituary of a former resident of this township, having lived on a farm east of town for a number of years:

Wm. E. Hoyt, formerly of 7425 Jackson avenue, died Tuesday last after a short illness of one week at the age of 70. He died of pneumonia and heart trouble. Mr. Hoyt had only lived here two years, coming from Antioch, Ill. He had been a railroad engineer for forty years continuously without having one accident. The most of his time was spent in the service of the Milwaukee and St. Paul Railroad. He was up to a week ago employed as stationary engineer at the Michigan Central roundhouse. Mr. Hoyt was for over 20 years a member of the C. O. F., and was also a member of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers. Mrs. John Nelson, of Kankakee, and son, a sister of deceased, Lewis McGovern of Freeport, Ill., a brother, were present at the funeral. Services were held at St. Laurence church Saturday morning and afterwards the remains were taken by carriage to the Northwestern depot, finally to be placed at rest in Racine, Wis. He leaves a wife and two grown sons to mourn his loss.

DEAF ARE NEVER SEASICK.

Stomach Nerves Controlled by Those of the Ear, Says Veteran Surgeon.

"Strange thing, but do you know that deaf persons never get seasick?" said an old surgeon in the employ of one of the Trans-Atlantic lines recently. "This was found out," he said, "when a whole class of deaf-mutes went abroad some years ago and despite a particularly rough passage none of them wanted to lie on the deck and beg somebody to heave them overboard."

"That's the seaseick feeling, you know. A little investigation proved that the stomach nerves are mostly controlled by those of the ear and that deaf persons are not nearly so liable to the nausea that comes from the rolling motion of a ship as are others."

"The experiment of saturating a ball of cotton with cocaine and thus dulling the hearing has been tried by ship surgeons since. It gives relief to those who dread any sort of a sea voyage, but, after all, the best way to do is to 'feed the fishes' and get over it."

Village Caucuses.

A Peoples' caucus will be held at the village hall in the village of Antioch on Saturday evening, April 1, 1905, at 7:30 p. m. for the purpose of nominating One President

Three Trustees

One Clerk

One Treasurer

To be voted for at the village election to be held on April 18, 1905. Also for the transaction of such other business that may legally come before said caucus.

Dated this 14th day of March 1905.

A. B. JOHNSON,

J. B. BURNETT,

B. F. VAN PATTEN,

Village Committee.

Dowie Buys a Zion in Mexico.

John Alexander Dowie has practically concluded negotiations for the purchase of the Lopez ranch, fifty miles northwest of Victoria, Mexico, the consideration agreed upon being \$1,500,000. There are nearly 2,000,000 acres of land in the tract. Dowie said he would locate 10,000 Zionist colonists on the land. It is announced that a rate of \$12 for the round trip has been secured for those who desire to visit the place this summer.

## ENGINE KILLS A WOMAN

Brother of Woman is Injured But Escapes Death

### RODE ON A HAND CAR

The Man and Woman Were Returning Home From Church When Engine Strikes Their Hand Car.

An engine of the Elgin, Joliet and Eastern Railroad Friday night at about 9:30 o'clock struck a hand car on which were Mrs. Maryowna Krstowski and her brother both of Rondout, and instantly killed the woman and seriously injured the man.

The two were attending church services in the Polish Catholic church and at the time mentioned started home on a small hand car, called a "speeder" sometimes. A switch engine was just leaving the station at Rondout, and a half mile from the place it met the speeder on which were the two Poles.

Paralyzed with fear and fight, the brother of the woman made frantic efforts to stop the hand car, but they were unavailing, and he never thought to shove the woman off and then jump himself, so the car sped to its fate into the teeth of the approaching engine.

The woman was struck and suffered a crushed skull, two or three large cuts on the head, and body bruises. She died instantly. The man's side was injured, but he managed to walk early to the Krstowski home, a block north of the Rondout depot, and was carried for the rest of the way.

Mrs. Krstowski leaves a husband and two small children, aged nine and six years. The inquest was held on Saturday morning at Rondout.

LANGUAGE OF THE FUTURE.

Signs Seem to Point to the Supremacy of English.

Is English destined to be the international language of the future--thus succeeding to the place occupied by the previous ages? Latin and French? It is perhaps significant of much in the future, and it is certainly interesting for the present, that the International Commission of Inquiry, though appointing a French president, and meeting in Paris, decided to adopt the English language for its deliberations. The commission is composed, it will be remembered, of an American, an Austrian, an Englishman, a Frenchman and a Russian. From one point of view it may be said that the majority thus agree to adopt the language of the minority; but then the majority of three have three different languages whereas the minority of two speak the same language. The first occasion, if we remember right, when English was adopted in the same way as now, was at the Berlin conference of 1889 on the Samoan congress, and in that case it was probably the presence of the United States representative that decided the matter. With the growth of the United States as a "world power" the tendency is likely to spread; in the matter of language England and the United States between them are perhaps destined to make English conquer the world.--London Chronicle.

SHOE SHOPS OF JAPAN.

Sandals and Clogs the Only Commodities in Demand.

Like all other shops in Japan, a shoe shop opens a broad side to the street.

It seems a misnomer to call it shoe shop, a place where you can only buy sandals or clogs, things we are not accustomed to call shoes.

There is a low platform in front upon which the customer sits and drinks tea while making his or her purchases, the shopkeeper meanwhile squatting on his heels and discussing the news of the day.

The sandals worn by the rickshaw coolies are called waraji; they are woven of rice straw, and are sold for a halfpenny a pair. They are made in the country villages, and the foreigner watches the weaving with amused interest.

The prehensible big toe of a Japanese is of great assistance, as it is used for catching and holding the straws, leaving the hands free to weave.

The pack horse wears straw shoes, as well as the farmer who leads him. New pairs are strung around the high saddle, and the slow moving beast is reshoed every few miles.

In the Japanese shop one will find many varieties of clogs; a few with caps, others plain. A few years ago the social position of a man, woman or girl was indicated by the kind of clog worn and the decoration on it.--London Chronicle.

Hong Kong's Commercial Position.

Hong Kong rates fifth in the commercial reports of the world.

THINK THEMSELVES TO DEATH

Thousands Said to End Lives by Morbid, Unhappy Thoughts.

Thousands of people actually think themselves to death every year, says Suggestions, by allowing their minds to dwell on morbid subjects.

The idea that one has some incipient disease in one's system, the thought of financial ruin, that one is getting on in life without improving prospects--any of these or a thousand similar thoughts may carry a healthy man to a premature grave. A melancholy thought that fixes itself upon one's mind needs as much doctoring as physical disease. It needs to be eradicated from the mind or it will have just the same result as a neglected disease would have.

Every melancholy thought, every morbid action and every nagging worry should be resisted to the utmost and the patient should be protected by cheerful thoughts, of which there is a bountiful store in every one's possession. Bright companions are cheaper than drugs and plasters.

The morbid condition of mind produces a morbid condition of body, and if the disease does happen to be in the system it receives every encouragement to develop. We need more mental therapy.

First Life Insurance Policy.

The first life insurance policy of which the details are on record resulted in a lawsuit: William Gybbons insured himself on June 15, 1853, for \$2383 against dying in twelve months; he died on May 18 of the next year--and the disgusted underwriters (the company of those days) contested payment on the plea that he had lived twelve months of twenty-eight days each!--The World's Work.

A Fine Distinction.

"Twas twain! The doctor laughed 'ah! ha! ha!'"

And the father laughed "he! he!" A difference in the laughs you note. Now wherefore should it be?

"Eat, ha!" is the proper thing to laugh at. At thought of the bill and its joys; "He! he!" is the laugh phenomenal. When it's twain and the twain are boys! --New Orleans Times-Democrat.

MEN HAVE MIRACULOUS ESCAPE

Blown through a break in the tunnel in the East river at New York by an explosion carried to the surface of the water and shot twenty feet into the air, Richard Creeden, a laborer, was rescued only slightly hurt. His escape from death seemed almost miraculous. Three of his companions were rescued in the tunnel and carried out, all painfully but not seriously injured.

Contractors say that this is the first instance in which a workman has escaped with his life when a submarine and subterranean tunnel has burst and filled with water. There have been numerous instances in which men have lost their lives.

The tunnel in which the men were at work is to eventually connect the Manhattan subway lines with Brooklyn subway lines. Two tubes side by side are in the process of construction.

The Brooklyn end of one of the tubes has been extended about fifteen feet beyond the end of the pier line at the foot of Coram street. Twenty-two men were at work in the tunnel when the accident happened. Creeden and his three companions were in the forward compartment working in the pressure of air. In the compartment back of them the other eighteen men were at work. This section was not affected by the accident, as there is a bulkhead between them.

Creeden was the first to ascertain that the roof of the tunnel was leaking. With sandbags he attempted to plug the leak, but as he did so the whole roof was blown out and the tremendous force of the compressed air drove Creeden out through the hole.

The upward rush of air carried them to the surface in a twinkling and Creeden shot into the air with great force. Bystanders quickly fished them out of the water.

Tippling in South Carolina.

The Columbia (S. C.) State notes that "the dispensary sales in Sumter (population 5,680) for the six days ending Dec. 24 aggregate \$6,442"--more than \$1.00 worth of rum for each inhabitant.

LOCAL MARKET REPORT.

Oats..... 40 3/4

Corn--70 lbs. 68c.....

Hay..... \$7.00 @ \$12

MILL YIELD.

Brn..... \$30.00

Middling..... 20 00 @ 22 00

Gluten..... 21 00

Oil Meal, per 100 lbs..... 1 25

Chicken Feed Wheat..... 1 50

EGGS.

Hogs--Live weight..... \$4.50

Hogs--Dressed..... 6 50

POULTRY.

Turkeys..... 17c

Ducks..... 13c

Geese..... 10c

Chickens--Live weight..... 7c



# The Antioch News.

A. B. JOHNSON, Publisher.

ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS.

## SUMMARY OF NEWS

James B. Frazier at Nashville formally resigned as Governor of Tennessee, and Speaker John I. Cox of the State Senate was sworn in as State executive. Governor Cox's first official act was to sign the commission of Frazier as United States Senator.

Louisburg, Minn., a town of about 100 inhabitants, virtually has been wiped out by a tornado. Several persons are believed to have been killed and several injured. Three store buildings were demolished and almost every residence was damaged.

Isaac Golden of Chicago has become reconciled to his new son-in-law, Walter Hughes, who eloped to Kansas City with Golden's pretty 18-year-old daughter, Letty. The Chicagoan's change of heart is due to the promise of Hughes to embrace the Jewish faith.

After three of the steel bars leading into the main corridor of the jail in Scottsboro, Ala., which would have practically admitted all prisoners to their liberty, had been cut, Lulu, daughter of Sheriff Austin, forced the would-be deliverers to turn over to her the saws which they were using.

Sophia Beck, now Mrs. Richard Graham, a Chicago girl, who is said to have fled the country with \$1,000,000, the proceeds of two "get-rich-quick" concerns exposed in Philadelphia, is declared to have made Mrs. Cassie L. Chadwick's incursions into the realm of "high finance" look mediocre.

Dr. A. A. Ames, former Mayor of Minneapolis, has at last filed his suit against the city for \$400 back salary, alleged to be due him, and it will be tried at the April term of the District Court. The doctor's attorneys claim that they have a clear case and that the city has no defense whatever against the claim.

Lake navigation has opened at Chicago for the season of 1905. The steamers Wiebe and Pahlow of the Hines fleet sailed for Manitowish, and the Argo of the Holland line has arrived at Holland, Mich. The Argo will continue on this route, her place on the St. Joe line being taken by the Puritan, which has started on its regular run.

Racing through the dusk two big ocean liners which had collided just outside the harbor at Halifax, N. S., toiled in desperation for their docks, while 1,800 imperiled passengers shrieked in panic. The race was successful, but one of the ocean greyhounds sank at its wharf before the last passenger had hurried down the gang plank.

The freight depot of the Anheuser-Busch Brewing Association, in the center of its freight yards in the southern part of St. Louis, was destroyed by fire, together with seventeen refrigerator cars, the property of the St. Louis Refrigerating Car Company, of which Adolphus Busch is the president. The loss is estimated at \$125,000.

A foul ball knocked over the fence of the downtown ball park in St. Paul on Aug. 27 last in a game between St. Paul and Columbus has led to a \$10,000 damage suit against the St. Paul baseball club. The ball struck Cornelius Holland in the temple as he was crossing the street. His claims as a result of the blow he has been subject to temporary fits of insanity. The ball which struck him is alleged to have been batted by Eddie Wheeler, third baseman of the St. Paul team.

## NEWS NUGGETS.

Mrs. Chadwick has been sentenced by Judge Taylor in Cleveland to serve ten years in the penitentiary.

Fire at Montreal caused \$50,000 damage to the Star iron works and the Standard Shirt Company's warehouse.

The testing station of the Belmont filtration plant at Philadelphia was destroyed by fire, causing a loss of \$30,000.

Governor Frazier vetoed the bill increasing the salary of the Governor of Tennessee from \$4,000 to \$5,000 per year.

Arthur E. Appleyard, who was arrested in Boston on a warrant issued at the instance of Buffalo, N. Y., officers, was discharged.

The business portion of the town of Fawnsdale, Ala., was practically destroyed by fire. Loss \$55,000, with insurance of about one-fourth.

Fourteen residences, a drug store and a grocery were destroyed by fire at Walters, Miss. The estimated loss is \$50,000; insurance, \$20,000.

Gessler Rousseau has been convicted at New York of sending dynamite to be placed on the steamship Uumbria and of manufacturing explosives.

Robert, the eldest son of Jacob Gould Schurman, president of Cornell University, cut credit by his family because he will not study, is working as a day laborer in a machine shop.

Mrs. Elizabeth Cass Goddard, one of the most prominent women in Colorado, was appointed a deputy sheriff of El Paso county. She is the only woman occupying this office in the State.

Billy Lewis, Oscar Lewis, Harry Talbot, Harry Smith and Howard Hutcherson were drowned trying to cross the Mississippi River near St. Joseph in a skiff. The men were engaged in dyke building.

John Murray, locomotive engineer; Patrick Fox, fireman, and two unknown negroes were killed and a locomotive and ten cars were wrecked in a collision near Clarksville, Tenn., between freight cars running wild and a freight train.

In official circles the assurance is given that during the present visit of the Duke of Connaught to the Spanish court the marriage of King Alfonso to the Princess Victoria Patricia has been definitely arranged. The difficulties with regard to the religious question have been settled.

Minister Powell has called the State Department from Port au Prince that the Haytian government by decree has extended from April 1 to May 15 the time allowed for Syrians holding forged naturalization American citizenship papers to withdraw.

## THE INCORRIGIBLE CASTRO

May Yet Succeed in Getting Uncle Sam Into Trouble.

The French cable complications in Venezuela have reached a crisis and Minister Bowen has informed the State Department that the French minister at Caracas, by instructions of his government, has notified the Venezuelan government that there must be no further proceedings on its part toward the cancellation of the company's franchise or interference with its property. Further, Mr. Bowen reports that two French warships have been ordered post haste to Venezuela to act in accordance with the instructions of the French minister.

Apparently, in the opinion of the Chicago Daily News, this country will be most fortunate if the incorrigible Castro does not succeed soon in creating an international situation even more embarrassing than that which culminated in the Anglo-German blockade of Venezuelan ports. The latest developments at Caracas suggest that if he is not actually seeking complications with foreign powers he is not restrained by any fear of them. Through his control of the Venezuelan courts, which are absolutely subservient to his will, he seems to have succeeded in putting the American asphalt company out of business and confiscating its property. Following the same high-handed policy he is now proceeding against property interests belonging to citizens of European nations.

To appreciate the broad possibilities of the situation which may result from these repeated attacks on foreign property, it should be remembered that the granting of concessions to foreign firms is one of the most characteristic features of Venezuelan industry. Like the asphalt lakes, many of the mines are worked by these concessionaires. An American company operates the country's telephone service. A German company is exploiting its sulphur deposits. The French Cable company has a contract giving it terminal facilities and the use of overland telegraph lines, the contract providing that all disputes shall be settled by the courts of the republic and shall in no case give rise to international claims.

The French company's contract and the concession of an Italian coal mining company have now been annulled by the order of Castro, who threatens to seize the properties of these concerns. That this is no new proceeding may be gathered from the fact that last February he annulled nearly 300 concessions "for lack of fulfillment of the legal provisions." The Daily News says that so long as a large part of Venezuela's industrial enterprise is of this character the possibilities for international complications will remain almost unlimited. The facts tend to emphasize the argument that if the United States is to maintain the Monroe doctrine it must adopt some fixed, practical policy upon which to proceed when foreign property interests are injured by the acts of any irresponsible government in this hemisphere.

## CITY ATTACKS GRANTS.

Chicago Council Revokes City Railway Permits and Starts Suit.

War has been renewed by the city of Chicago on the Chicago City Railway. Mayor Harrison and Corporation Counsel Tolman protest an ordinance, which the Council passed, repealing the extension permit, good until June 1. That done, assistants of the corporation counsel rushed into Judge Mack's court, where the judge, who had been asked to hold special court, was waiting, and filed a bill to determine the value of the 99-year act and the rights of the city. The action was taken, it was announced, to forestall any legal obstruction in the shape of an injunction in the federal court. Not only the Council members, but the chairman of the local transportation committee, were taken absolutely by surprise when the clerk of the Council began reading the message of the Mayor.

Mayor Harrison in his message recommending this course asserted that the present owners of the City Railway Company in his opinion had purchased it to prevent a satisfactory settlement between it and the city. They had persistently declined to say whether or not they would accept the tentative ordinance in case that measure was approved by the people and the City Council. Further, the company had shown a desire to test its rights in the federal courts rather than in the State courts. As the processes of the former were slower than the latter it would be to the advantage of the city to take the initiative by beginning suit in the State courts. Realizing that the Mayor's recommendation would be likely to precipitate action by the company, the Council hastened to carry out his suggestions.

## ROBBERS DITCH LIMITED.

Rails Removed in Iowa and Cars Go Down Embankment.

Rock Island officials in Des Moines say that the wrecking of the Rocky Mountain limited near Homestead, Iowa, was the work of robbers, who succeeded in escaping. Seven persons were injured, three of them dangerously.

An examination of the track showed that the spikes for nearly the length of a rail had been removed. The wreck occurred on a high embankment. The Denver and Colorado Springs sleepers landed in the ditch, on end, the embankment at that point being about thirty-five feet high. The engine, mail car and composite car also went down the embankment.

The wreck, it is reported, was caused by an unknown person who removed spikes, bars and anglebars and misplaced the rail. Spikes were removed from two rails on the south side of the track. The engine and first four cars were thrown down a 45-foot embankment. The engine was completely stripped, the mail car destroyed, the buffet car thrown on its side and two sleepers badly damaged.

## Immense Loss of Sugar.

The total production of sugar throughout the world is about 2,000,000 tons per annum. Of this quantity nine-tenths is afforded by the sugarcane, 25,000,000 tons of which are required to produce the above quantity of cane sugar. The total value of the sugar in the cane, if it could be extracted, would be about \$200,000,000, but one-half is lost in the process of manufacture.

The cowboys who attended the Roosevelt inaugural presented Theodore, Jr., with a pony.

## WILL THE STAYING HAND GLADLY WEARY EYES?



—Chicago Tribune.

## MUCH WORK BY CONGRESS.

Record Shows Last Session to Have Been the Busiest on Record.

F. H. Wakefield, docket clerk of the House of Representatives, has prepared a statement showing the amount of work done by the Fifty-eighth Congress as compared with previous Congresses as far back as the Fifty-second. The report shows that the number of bills and resolutions introduced aggregated 20,074. The various House committees reported on a total of 4,904 measures, including Senate acts and resolutions.

The House passed 11,556 of its own bills and resolutions during the second session and 551 of the 920 Senate acts and resolutions that had been reported from committees. At the close of the session it left on the union calendar unacted on 112 bills, of which thirty originated in the Senate, having passed 247 of the 250 bills and resolutions referred to that calendar.

Upon the House calendar, to which there were referred 400 bills and resolutions, only sixty-four remained unacted upon, of which fifty-three were of House origin, and eleven of Senate. On the private calendar, to which was referred a total of 3,841 bills and resolutions, 232 remained unacted upon, of which twenty-eight were of Senate origin.

Of the House bills sent to the Senate for concurrence only 122 failed to be acted on, while twenty-five House bills were indefinitely postponed in the Senate. These were largely private pension bills and were postponed mostly because of the death of the proposed beneficiary. For the same reason the Senate recalled twenty of its own bills after the House committee had favorably reported them. Of all the House bills sent to the President for his approval only one failed to receive his signature and become a law.

The work of the House in the Fifty-eighth Congress, as compared with the Fifty-seventh Congress, shows an increase of 2,514 in the number of bills introduced; an increase of 25 per cent, or 985 in the number of reports made, and an increase of 104 in the number of public acts. The number of private acts showed a gain of 1,159. From the Fifty-second to the Fifty-eighth Congress the number of bills and resolutions introduced increased in number from 10,623 to 20,074; the number of reports made from 2,613 to 4,904; the public laws enacted from 395 to 574; the private laws from 324 to 3,467, and the number of pages of the Congressional Record from 2,020 to 4,240. The number of days of actual session of the House in the Fifty-eighth Congress were 190, as compared with 340 in the Fifty-second, 447 in the Fifty-third, 280 in the Fifty-fourth, 242 in the Fifty-fifth, 197 in the Fifty-sixth, and 222 in the Fifty-seventh.

## DIVORCE DENIED COL. CODY.

Wyoming Judge Praises Wife and Censures the Showman.

"Buffalo Bill" has lost his suit for divorce. The District Court at Sheridan, Wyo., decided against Col. Cody, holding that he had failed to prove any of the charges made against his wife. Incidentally the court gave high praise to Mrs. Cody, while severely censuring her husband.

Judge Scott in rendering his decision said:

"Mrs. Cody was an overindulgent mother and wife, who always took pride in his success and always looked forward to his homecoming and made great preparations to receive him. She entertained his guests with cordiality. She did not use profane language. The poisoning of his pet dogs was accidental. She never spoke disrespectfully of him to his friends or guests. She always accompanied him to the depot on his departures and was there to receive him on his returns. In her home she has a large statue of him in the hall; in her bedroom she has his portrait; done by a famous painter, and on her table she has his photograph, while the dishes she used were souvenir ones stamped or etched with his portrait. Such, in brief, is the character and conduct of Mrs. Cody extending over a long period of her married life.

"In return for this wisely devoted the plaintiff has been cruel to her, and heaped indignities upon her."

Woman Can Kill Brutal Husband.

A wife has a right to kill a brutal husband. This, in substance, is the ruling of a Chicago justice before whom a woman was on trial for slaying her life's partner. The woman was Mrs. Jessie A. Hopkins, who shot her husband at their home Jan. 1, after he had attacked and threatened to kill her. Judge Kersten this week instructed the jury to dismiss the defendant, with the remark that "if a woman is unfortunate enough to marry a brute she has a right to defend herself even to the point of taking his life."

## CONFLICTING RUMORS OF PEACE.

St. Petersburg dispatches say that the Czar, alarmed by the prospect of utter disaster which now seems to confront the Russian arms, has put up his hand and turned an unwilling ear to the peace party. The ministers and other court advocates of tentative advances to Japan, looking toward the closing of the war, are jubilant. They believe they have triumphed over the grand dukes and their followers. It is declared on the very highest of authority that an actual move is about to be made; if, indeed, it is not already under way.

In the conflicting rumors issuing from St. Petersburg there is little upon which to base an accurate estimate of the situation, but that counsels of peace are now obtaining a more favorable hearing among Russian high officials than at any previous time since the war opened is manifest. The war party still maintains a threatening front and declares that the idea of seeking a settlement is ridiculous. That the ministry is seriously weighing the possibility of getting an honorable and not too costly settlement, however, cannot be doubted. If it could have definite assurances that the penalties which Japan will exact are not too severe it probably would begin peace overtures at once.

Just what price Japan will demand is still wholly a matter of conjecture. The Chicago Daily News says that undoubtedly Japan will require the cession of Port Arthur and the Liaotung peninsula, international control of the Chinese Eastern railway and the permanent withdrawal of Russia from Manchuria. If this is all it requires Russia apparently is likely to strike a bargain. If it adds a cash indemnity or a demand for the cession of any Russian territory, none of which has yet been occupied by Japanese forces, Russia may conclude to continue the war. It has still to consider the possibility that Rojostevsky's fleet may accomplish something and it may be that negotiations are now delayed only to see what the result of the approaching naval battle will be.

Meantime Japan continues its preparations for further fighting and pays no heed to gossip of peace. The interviews of its diplomatic representatives indicate that Japan means to insist upon a cash indemnity. If that is to be its attitude the probability of an early peace would seem to depend largely upon whether the victor is willing to make the dose less disagreeable by allowing the payment to be made under some other name. In its present plight Russia might agree to pay a handsome sum ostensibly to reimburse Japan for divers incidental expenses.

All Around the Globe.

The Bryan Cotton Oil Company's plant in Bryan, Texas, was destroyed by fire. Loss is \$100,000, with \$80,000 insurance.

Three murderers and two thieves were freed from jail in Madisonville, Ky., by one outside cutting iron bars from a rear window.

A magnificent living specimen of the California condor has been shipped from San Francisco to the Central Park zoo in New York. It measures 11 feet from tip to tip.

King Leopold of Belgium, who has never signed a death warrant during the thirty-nine years of his reign, thus keeps the promise made his mother on her deathbed.

Bizet died three months after the first production of "Carmen" in Paris, it being a failure. The thousandth performance of the opera has just been had in the French capital.

## STREET CARS THE ISSUE.

An Extraordinary Municipal Campaign in Progress in Chicago.

Two candidates for Mayor, who propose to achieve municipal ownership of the street railway system by different methods, are giving Chicago one of the most picturesque campaigns in its history. One is John Maynard Harlan, the Republican nominee, and the other is Judge Edward F. Dunne, the choice of the Democrats.

Judge Dunne is generally looked upon as the real municipal ownership candidate. The Municipal Ownership League has endorsed him, and many of the Socialists have announced their intention to vote for him.

Dunne proposes to offer the traction companies a fair price for their tangible properties and a reasonable compensation for the franchises which have yet a term of years to run. If the companies refuse to sell, he proposes to go at once into the courts. He will endeavor to



JOHN M. HARLAN.



JUDGE E. F. DUNNE.

RIVAL CANDIDATES FOR MAYOR OF CHICAGO.

Harlan proposes to grant the existing companies a new franchise, at the expiration of which they are to sell out to the city. If they refuse he proposes to build rival lines.

The campaign is just now in full swing. The Republican nominee, in a fast automobile, rushes about to various portions of the city, making four speeches in the evening. The Democratic leader has been forced to place a substitute on the bench and take the stump in his own defense, and is making one speech a night.

London Truth asserts that "now, for the first time in centuries, England possesses, in Sir Edward Elgar, at least one composer of international repute."

The Czar of Russia and the German Kaiser might each sleep in a different house every night for a month and not exhaust the number of his palaces.

Leoncavallo, engaged by the Kaiser to write an opera on a German subject, has abated the ill feeling in the fatherland against him by denying that he said Germany has at present no great composer.

The German Emperor has conferred imperial court hunting costumes upon three English noblewomen—the dowager countess of Dudley, the marchioness of Lansdowne, and the marchioness of Ormonde.

Capt. Cecil Battine of the King's Hussars, British army, in his forthcoming book, "The Crisis of the Confederacy," describes, from his own point of view, the campaigns of Gettysburg and the Wilderness.

J. M. Bacon, a distinguished aeronaut, who died recently, was a scholar of Trinity college, Dublin, was ordained and held a curacy, and later turned to science.

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## COMMERCIAL FINANCIAL

Chicago. Dun's review of Chicago trade, published by H. G. Dun & Co., the mercantile agency, says:

Developments have continued favorable to business, and the volume of production and distribution steadily expanded, new demands imparting a more encouraging tone in operations, especially with reference to future employment. A larger use of money now is evident, and the showing of the local national banks creates a good impression.

With the seasonable weather which mainly prevailed, the leading retail lines were enabled to make a satisfactory advance. Personal buying was very largely augmented throughout the jobbing division, and the manufacturing branches added materially to bookings.

Iron and steel gained additional strength from the orders received for rails, pig iron, plates, and structural material. Prices have maintained firmness and became higher for sheets. Inquiries show that the railroads will make further notable purchases of rolling stock and track material, and considerable bridge work is contemplated.

The market exhibited well distributed demand, and notwithstanding the large supplies there was satisfactory absorption and steadiness in values. Leather and sundries were in good request, and the leather working branches, particularly shoes, obtained a fair amount of new business for fall delivery.

Grainstuffs experienced a good demand, and the movement of grain reached unusually large proportions.

Bank clearings, \$198,652,998, were 10.4 per cent over those of corresponding week last year. Money was in steady demand, and the discount rate for choice commercial paper ranged from 4 to 5 per cent.

Failures reported in the Chicago district numbered twenty-five, against twenty last week and twenty a year ago.

New York. Bradstreet's weekly review of the country's trade is as follows:

Spring trade and outdoor activities gather force as the month advances. Better weather, small interior stocks, and confidence in the future induce a wider distribution in practically all sections except the South, where considerable irregularity appears, some markets reporting expansion, while others advise of contraction, compared with a year ago. Dry goods, clothing, groceries, shoes, hardware, farm implements, lumber and building material show relatively most activity.

All reports indicate great activity in railway circles. Merchandise shipments and high class freight are very large, grain tonnage is heavy for this season, and complaints of car shortage still come, though the situation has improved slightly. Gross receipts for January gained 6 per cent, while net increased 12 per cent. Collections still lag, but money has turned firmer, probably a reflection of increased demands in regular trade lines.

## THE MARKETS

Chicago—Cattle, common to prime, \$4.00 to \$5.75; hogs, shipping grades, \$4.00 to \$5.47; sheep, fair to choice, \$3.00 to \$5.00; wheat, No. 2, \$1.12 to \$1.14; corn, No. 2, 46c to 48c; oats, standard, 20c to 20c; rye, No. 1, 70c to 75c; hay, timothy, \$8.50 to \$13.50; prairie, \$6.00 to \$10.50; butter, choice creamery, 25c to 27c; eggs, fresh, 15c to 16c; potatoes, 20c to 30c.

Indianapolis—Cattle, shipping, \$3.00 to \$5.75; hogs, choice heavy, \$4.00 to \$5.25; sheep, common to prime, \$2.50 to \$5.00; wheat, No. 2, \$1.12 to \$1.13; corn, No. 2 white, 40c to 51c; oats, No. 2 white, 31c to 33c.

St. Louis—Cattle, \$4.50 to \$6.00; hogs, \$4.00 to \$5.35; sheep, \$4.00 to \$6.00; wheat, No. 2, \$1.13 to \$1.14; corn, No. 2, 45c to 46c; oats, No. 2, 20c to 30c; rye, No. 2, 70c to 72c.

Cincinnati—Cattle, \$4.00 to \$5.50; hogs, \$4.00 to \$5.50; sheep, \$2.00 to \$5.25; wheat, No. 2, \$1.15 to \$1.16; corn, No. 3 mixed, 50c to 51c; oats, No. 2 mixed, 32c to 34c; rye, No. 2, 85c to 87c.

Detroit—Cattle, \$3.50 to \$5.50; hogs, \$4.00 to \$5.30; sheep, \$2.50 to \$5.25; wheat, No. 2, \$1.12 to \$1.13; corn, No. 3 yellow, 40c to 50c; oats, No. 3 white, 32c to 33c; rye, No. 2, 85c to 87c.

Milwaukee—Wheat, No. 2 northern, \$1.08 to \$1.12; corn, No. 3, 40c to 47c; oats, No. 2 white, 31c to 33c; rye, No. 1, 83c to 85c; barley, No. 2, 60c to 62c; pork, mess, \$12.85.

Toledo—Wheat, No. 2 mixed, \$1.10 to \$1.17; corn, No. 2 mixed, 44c to 46c; oats, No. 2 mixed, 30c to 32c; rye, No. 2, 81c to 83c; clover seed, prime, \$7.85.

Buffalo—Cattle, choice shipping steers, \$4.00 to \$5.05; hogs, fair to choice, \$4.00 to \$5.00; sheep, fair to choice, \$4.50 to \$5.25; lambs, fair to choice, \$5.00 to \$5.50.

New York—Cattle, \$3.50 to \$5.80; hogs, \$4.00 to \$5.50; sheep, \$3.00 to \$6.00; wheat, No. 2 red, \$1.14 to \$1.15; corn, No. 2, 52c to 54c; oats, natural, white, 37c to 38c; butter, creamery, 20c to 25c; eggs, western, 15c to 17c.

In a Cincinnati saloon fight yesterday Julius Farney, colored, was shot and killed by David McClure, a bartender.



# ILLINOIS STATE NEWS

## BUILDING BURIES MANY MEN.

Five-Story Structure at Morris College Buried with Fatal Effect.

At 1:15 Saturday afternoon occurred one of the most startling and terrible accidents Morris has experienced in years. The five-story brick building of the Weel Leather Company collapsed, burying in the debris a number of workmen. The accident came without warning and it seems miraculous that anyone escaped alive. The building was erected last summer and was supposed by the people of Morris to be a substantial brick building, capable of standing the strain of the immense weight of hides and leather that would be placed in it. The east half of the structure, which contained the stock room, shipping rooms, well rooms and other rooms, which contained heavy machinery, collapsed as completely as though an earthquake had shaken it to pieces. The first company took charge of the wreck and conducted the rescue, and it was not long before the debris was being cleared away. After removing the roof and first floor they discovered the body of what proved to be young Rupert Knobloch, a young boy who had just started to work at the tannery that morning. It was evident from the position of the body that death was instantaneous. Many injured were helped from the wrecked building. The cause of the accident is believed to be the careless and cheap construction of the building.

## FREEPORT FIFTY YEARS OLD.

Illinois City Plans Celebration of Anniversary of Its Birth.

The citizens of Freeport are preparing for a notable semi-centennial anniversary. It was fifty years ago this spring that a charter was granted by the Illinois Legislature. William Baker is supposed to have been the founder of Freeport, although Benjamin Gabel was there a few months ahead of him and took possession of the land now known as Lancaster township. In 1835 Mr. Baker erected a log trading cabin on the banks of the Pecatonica river. Mr. Baker laid claim to all the land on which Freeport is now situated. The village was first known as Winneshiek, after a tribe of Indians. The place was formally christened Freeport when the county seat of Stephenson county was located there. Cedarville was a contestant for the honor, but lost. Freeport raised \$5,500 toward the erection of the court house. The town then grew rapidly and was a favorite stopping place for pioneers en route from Chicago to Galena. The old Galena and Union railroad, now a part of the Northwestern, was constructed into Freeport in 1853 and its advent gave the place a boom. Thomas J. Turner was the first mayor. He was also a representative in Congress. Two of the eight surviving Mayors, Younger and Nieman, are in business in Chicago.

## PASTOR ROUTES HIS CHOR.

War on Card Lovers and Dancers Cuts Out All but Two Singers.

The choir of the First Christian church, which has been singing the past year to one of the largest and most fashionable audiences in Charleston, is no more. Rev. W. F. Shaw, the pastor, attended the practice meeting of the choir last night and read a chapter of church law to the members. It was to the effect that no member of the choir, including the organist, that played cards or danced could have a part any longer in furnishing music for his church while he was pastor. The have in the ranks was frightful. Only two of a dozen members—a bass and a tenor—were saved from the wreck. The new organist was dethroned and a soloist who had just been engaged for a year says she is hesitating between giving up the world or her singing. A chorus of young girls will sing until a less worldly choir can be found. Rev. Mr. Shaw's drastic measure is approved by his official board and is commended by the members generally.

## ANNULS MARRIAGE OF KIN.

Illinois Judge Sets Aside Union of Couple Who Are First Cousins.

Judge Johns in the Macon County Court annulled a marriage because the principals were first cousins, which relationship is prohibited in marriage by the Illinois laws. William H. Cotner, the husband, filed a suit for divorce on statutory grounds, but later an amendment was filed to the bill, asking that the decree be entered because of the relationship. Mrs. Cotner being a first cousin, her mother being a sister to his father. The statutes provide that marriages between first cousins are void and the parties are not bound by any obligations and acquire no rights from such a marriage. Such a union stands annulled without the court proceedings, but the case was taken into court so that it would make a matter of record. The case is believed to be unique in central Illinois, as the various county clerks are required to inquire closely into the relationship before issuing a marriage license. As a result of this vigilance marriages of first cousins in Illinois are extremely rare.

## GRAND ARMY RANKS THINNING.

Death Is Rapidly Decimating Forces of Old Soldiers.

According to the annual report of Department Commander Robert Mann Woods of Illinois, death is rapidly thinning the ranks of the Grand Army of the Republic. In fifteen years the death rate has increased from 1 per cent to 8.0 per cent. The Illinois posts last year lost 737 members, but the case was not reported for non-payment of dues. The report shows that Jan. 1, 1904, there were 543 posts in Illinois, with 20,510 members. There were added during the year from different sources 1,300 members. The total losses for the year were twelve posts and 2,330 members. The total remaining in good standing Dec. 31, 1904, were 531 posts, with 19,540 members. There was expended for charity \$5,070.00. The total disbursements were \$40,300.32, and the total cash on hand and the value of real property is \$164,505.02.

## Brief State Happenings.

Michael Cramer, a prominent horse dealer, is missing from his home in Rock Falls.

A Big Four freight train and a switch engine collided east of Pekin. Fireman Edward Gill of Pekin was killed.

While being conveyed in the police ambulance to the Brookway hospital at Bloomington, Mrs. Julius Klemm suddenly expired.

William Calne was found guilty of manslaughter at Galesburg for the murder of Frank Weir, a railroad brakeman, on Feb. 23.

The estate of F. C. A. Denkmann, the lumberman of Rock Island, which is estimated at \$3,000,000, is left by the will to the widow and children.

Charles Outzoe, while duck hunting in the swamps north of Kewanee, was fatally injured by the accidental discharge of his brother's gun.

In the primaries at Galesburg it developed that the pastors had formed a political combination to prevent the re-nomination of Mayor George Shumway.

The Globe distillery lay sheds and cattle barns in Pekin, owned by Doul & Keefer of Chicago, and Hergetts of Pekin, were burned. Loss \$40,000, covered by insurance.

The personal property and office fixtures of E. H. Prince, the Chicago commission man, owned by him in Sterling, were sold at sheriff's sale to satisfy an execution for \$500.

Two tramps, after stealing a switch engine in the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy railroad yards in Rock Falls, ran it for nine miles, abandoning it when the steam was exhausted.

Ed and Dan Brennan, both of Chicago, were given an indeterminate sentence at Joliet in the penitentiary after they had pleaded guilty to robbing George Kizer, proprietor of a gambling resort.

A settlement was effected at Monmouth in the injunction suit to prevent the Standard Oil Company from building a pipe line through Warren county without permission from the board of supervisors.

The Republican city convention in Jacksonville unanimously renominated John R. Davis for Mayor. Mr. Davis recently was indicted by the special grand jury for malfeasance in office and the action was intended as a denunciation of the grand jury.

Mayor John S. Davis of Jacksonville was indicted by a grand jury on the charge of having accepted a \$2,000 bribe from F. W. Meek of Chicago in 1902 in return for signing a water ordinance. Police Captain Kennedy also was indicted for alleged misconduct in office.

On the failure of the Sangamon county grand jury at Springfield to return an indictment, after its investigation of allegations of legislative corruption made by Frank D. Comerford, deposed member of the House, Comerford declared the grand jury had been tampered with.

Owing to an operation performed on Ashley Denson, Gov. and Mrs. Denson canceled the reception they have been held in the executive mansion at Springfield the other day. Young Ashley was operated on in St. Luke's hospital, Chicago, for a cataract of the eye.

For the first time since last September neither United States deputy marshals nor State troops guard Joe Leiter's mine at Zeigler. The State troops were removed last month, and the other day United States Marshal Hiltch ordered his fifty deputies, who have been stationed there since last November, to withdraw and they did so. The injunction against the strikers interfering with the operation of the mine continues in force.

Matt Starr Post, G. A. R., of Jacksonville is exercised over the action of the lower house of the Illinois Legislature in voting to return the flag of the Second Tennessee regiment. Col. Starr was killed by a detachment of the Second Tennessee regiment under Gen. Forrest. Speaker Shurtliff has been appealed to, and in a letter says he has not signed the bill. A movement is on foot to have all the Grand Army posts of the State unite to prevent the passage of the bill by the Senate.

After ten months spent in frantic search for her only son, Earl Aldrich, Mrs. J. Dorgan of 6144 Ingleside avenue, Chicago, has finally found the boy in Milwaukee, working as a pinboy in the bowling alleys of the Builders' Club under the assumed name of "Jack Lorraine." The scene at the reunion of the mother and son was a most affecting one. Mrs. Dorgan took her son to a clothing store, bought him a new suit of clothes and an overcoat and the two returned to their Chicago home.

The papers in the attempted consolidation of the gas companies of Joliet, Aurora, Elgin and other cities in the northern part of the State, which were filed a few days ago with the Secretary of State, were withdrawn by the parties who had applied for said consolidation. The capital stock of the combined companies was given as \$7,000,000. The Secretary refused to issue the papers on the ground that the companies were doing business in different places and also that they were not solely gas companies, but controlled heating and lighting interests in a number of the different cities.

Because he had been made to carry water when his turn came, while in camp at Lake Geneva last summer, a 14-year-old Y. M. C. A. boy, and son of one of the directors of the Elgin Y. M. C. A., wrote letters to E. B. Springer, secretary of the association, threatening to take his life if he did not place \$100 in a stated locality at a certain time. A slip accompanied the letter warning the secretary not to betray him to the police under penalty of an awful death. No notice was paid to the first threat, but when the second was received, with a skull and crossbones, Mr. Springer went to the police with the matter, which resulted in the capture of the boy and a complete confession. Revenge is the only motive for the act. The Y. M. C. A. has decided not to prosecute.

## GIVES ILLINOIS \$3,254,000.

Appropriation of \$2,000,000 for Improvement of Mississippi.

The sundry civil and building and grounds bills reported to the National House of Representatives the other day contained many Illinois items. The sundry civil bill provided for the following: For completion of new federal building at Chicago, \$250,000; rental of temporary quarters at Chicago, \$15,000; Chicago marine hospital, \$2,500; for continuation of buildings at Decatur, \$25,000; De Kalb, \$20,000; Evanston, \$30,000; Oak Park, \$16,250; Jacksonville, \$20,000; Kankakee, \$22,500; Ottawa, \$20,000; Pekin, \$27,500; Sterling, \$10,000; Champaign, \$20,000; for Rock Island arsenal and bridge, \$42,500; Danville soldiers' home, \$352; improvement of upper Mississippi river from Ohio river to head passes, \$2,000,000. The buildings and grounds bill provided for the following: For increase in cost of postoffice buildings at Peoria, \$150,000; Decatur, \$20,000; for new postoffice building at Dixon, \$50,000; for new buildings and sites at Macomb, \$50,000; Belvidere, \$35,000; Wankegan, \$65,000; Lincoln, \$65,000; Paris, \$50,000; Kewanee, \$65,000; East St. Louis, \$250,000; Belleville, \$75,000.

## UNIVERSITY TO SPEND MILLIONS.

New Quadrangle of Buildings to Be Erected in Chicago.

A movement, which will include the erection of buildings and the expenditure of between \$5,000,000 and \$10,000,000, has been announced at the University of Chicago. A new quadrangle of buildings, which will cover almost as much space as does the entire institution at present, and which will be for the use of the students of the junior colleges, is to be built on ground owned by the university, and lying between Ellis and Drexel avenues and Fifty-eighth and Fifty-ninth streets, west of the present campus. The plan, which was announced by Dean George E. Vincent at the Junior chapel, is the most extensive ever considered by the university. When it is completed the university, it is said, will have the largest capacity for housing students of any university in the world.

## RABID HORSE BITES A MAN.

Dr. George Gaites Fears Hydrophobia from Wounds Made by Animal.

Dr. George Gaites, a veterinarian of Highlandville, hastened to Chicago the other day to be treated for rabies. He had a terrible experience with a horse suffering from hydrophobia. Last January the horse was bitten by a mad dog, which also bit several other horses. Every horse attacked was affected and died. Dr. Gaites while trying to force a pill down the throat of the last was ferociously attacked. The maddened animal seized one of his hands and mangled it frightfully. The other hand was also slightly bitten. The same evening the horse died.

## PENSION REUNITES COUPLE.

St. Louis Woman Finds Husband She Thought Dead Thirty Years.

Mrs. Josephine Goodloe of St. Louis, formerly of Kankakee, has written friends in the latter city telling of a coming reunion with her husband, Isaac Goodloe, whom she had thought dead for the past thirty years. The discovery was made through a recent application by Mrs. Goodloe for a pension. Her husband having served in the Eighteenth Illinois. The pension department answered with the information that Isaac Goodloe of Salubria, Idaho, was on the pension rolls. Correspondence followed between Mrs. Goodloe and Mr. Goodloe, when his identity as her missing husband was positively established.

## BUREKA COLLEGE GETS LAND.

Compromise of Suit Over Estate Involves Institution's Resources.

By a compromise of the suit in the Indiana courts over the estate of Mrs. Deborah Bandy of Danville Bureka college has come into the immediate possession of 200 acres of land valued at about \$30,000, and will receive other property of almost equal value on the death of the present legatees. The college recently received a valuable bequest from S. A. Hoyt of Forrest.

## BOASTS OF TWO BIG FAMILIES.

Washington County Has Claim with 60 Members in Each.

Attention is called to two large families in Washington county. Mrs. Mary E. Goldsaler, who just died at Plum Hill, is survived by six children, fourteen grandchildren and forty great-grandchildren. With only a few exceptions all live near Plum Hill. Mrs. J. E. Mami Morris, who has just celebrated her 83d birthday in perfect health, lays claim to four children, thirty-one grandchildren and twenty-five great-grandchildren.

## \$3,000,000 Estate to Family.

An estate estimated at \$3,000,000 is bequeathed to the widow and children by the will of F. C. A. Denkmann, the Rock Island lumberman, which has been filed for probate.

## Guilty of Manslaughter.

William Calne was found guilty of manslaughter in the Knox County Circuit Court at Galesburg for the killing of Frank Weir, a railroad brakeman, on Feb. 23.

## Dice Beating Himself.

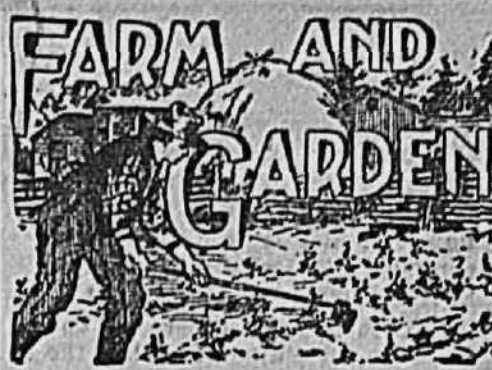
With the words, "Here goes nothing," Barney Nagree jumped into the coal shaft at Assumption. His body was crushed into a pulp. He was 38 years of age and leaves a family.

## Illinois Mining Man a Bankrupt.

A petition in bankruptcy has been filed in the United States District Court by Tere A. Clark, a mining promoter of Quincy. He scheduled his liabilities at \$354,500 and assets at \$50.

## Hunter Shoots Brother Fatally.

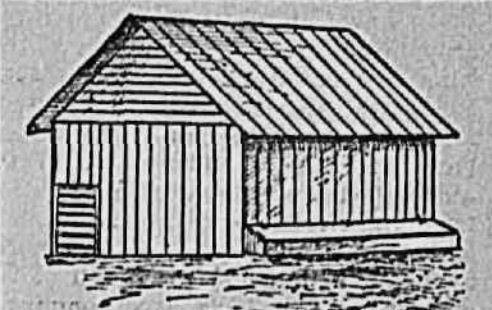
Charles Outzoe of Kewanee, while duck hunting in a swamp, was injured fatally by the accidental discharge of his brother's gun.



## Plan for Chicken House.

A Texas woman in Farm and Ranch describes a chicken house for the benefit of any who may wish a clean, convenient one.

It is built of 1x12 boards, well slatted on three sides; the front has a stripped or latticed door in one corner, this to insure plenty of ventilation; the roosts are swinging poles, sus-



CONVENIENT CHICKEN HOUSE.

hended by heavy wire, out of the draft. The walls come within four-tenths of an inch of the ground and the nests are made on the outside, then securely boxed up with a slanting cover that is hinged on and can be raised from the outside. This prevents having to enter the henhouse when you wish to gather up the eggs. It has the appearance shown in the illustration.

Small tin cans are tacked on the roost, the walls and near the nests; in them is kept molasses balls; they keep out all vermin.

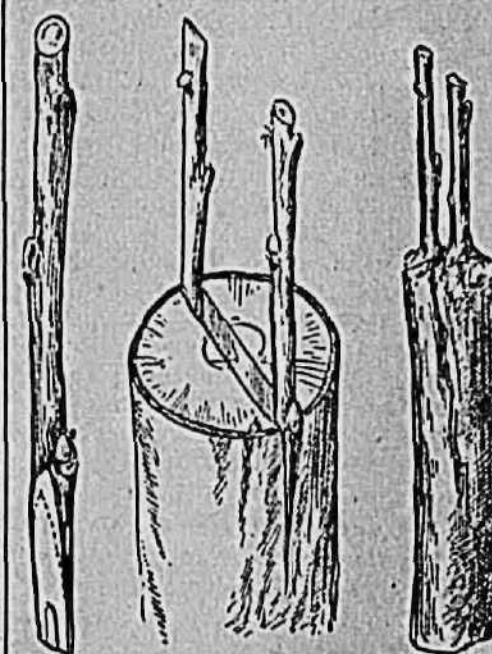
## Remedies in the Barn.

The writer has recently erected a small closet in the barn, in which is kept a few articles such as experience has taught us should be handy. At the suggestion of the mother of the family a large bottle of witch hazel and several bottles of vasoline were added, together with a roll of partly worn muslin. The very day this closet was completed and its contents placed, one of the horses by accident struck its head against the side of the stall so that there was a decided bruise around the eye. Out came the witch hazel, and by frequent applications of it during the day the swelling was subdued and the horse made more comfortable.

We have two bottles of vasoline each of the plain sort and the carbolated vasoline, and this last has been found very useful on a number of occasions. A calf had an ugly spot on its side, a raw proud-flesh sort of eczema, for which we could not account. We took a spoonful of flour of sulphur and made a batter of it with a little carbolated vasoline and treated that spot for a week, healing it perfectly. Have a little closet as described and keep odd things in it, but don't forget witch hazel, vasoline and a roll of soft, clean muslin.—Indianapolis News.

## Cleft Grafting.

Varities of grafting are many, but cleft grafting represents the method commonly in use for the grafting of orchard trees where the old top is to be removed during the course of a few years and a new one is to be grown in its place. The ideal time for this top grafting is when the leaves are just pushing out, for then the



CLEFT GRAFT SCION—CLEFT GRAFTING—A WAXED STUD.

wounds of grafting heal rapidly. But in practice, if a large amount of work is to be done, it may be necessary to begin from one to two months earlier and to continue several weeks beyond the ideal point of time. The whole operation of cleft grafting appears clearly in the illustration.

## To Prevent Tree Frosts.

The Indiana farmer that has been swindled by the fruit tree agent will be pleased with the law, enacted by the last General Assembly, providing a fine of from \$50 to \$500 for fruit tree fraud. It is said that the bill which was introduced by Representative Shively, of South Bend, grew out of Notre Dame University's purchase of trees that were not what they were represented to be. As introduced, the bill provided a year's imprisonment, but this was stricken out.

## Hogs in the Orchard.

In regard to the hogs skinning the orchard trees, if you put a dozen or two of hogs on an acre of land, very likely they will skin the trees, or a flock of sheep would also. They must

have room. There must not be too many in a bunch. It is said that hogs will tear down a pigpen to get the wood to eat. If you throw them a little lime they will let the pen alone. I know that they have been known to dig out a stone wall for the lime. If you feed a hog some corn and don't starve him to death, he will let your trees alone. Give the hog room enough and give him something to eat.—J. J. Blackwell.

## Teaching a Horse to Stand.

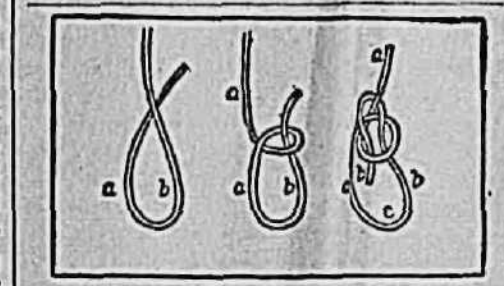
As soon as the colt is fairly gentle and has been ridden a few times, throw the reins down, and with a strong but soft rope hobble his front legs. Fasten a rope twenty feet long to one front leg and the other a stout post or stake. Ordinarily the horse will not move when thus fastened, but if he does he soon comes to grief. A few lessons of this sort will never be forgotten.

After a while it will only be necessary to wrap the reins around the horse's front legs, and later simply dropping the reins to the ground will be sufficient. If any time the horse gets to moving around and forges his early training, pass the reins through the stirrup and loop up and over the horn of the saddle. This pulls the head around to one side and the horse will generally not go far.—Farm and Home.

## Useful Howline.

The bow and knot is one of the most useful knots we have, and one which comparatively few can tie. It is a knot sailors use constantly. The illustration will show exactly how it is tied. Lay the parts together in the first figure, b crossing over a. Then bring a over b, bringing the end up through the loop as in the next figure. Now carry b around and under a, passing it down through the loop as in the final figure. It is impossible for this knot to slip when properly tied. It is useful in all sorts of emergencies. In a loop thus made a man can safely be hoisted to any height with no danger of the knot slipping. It is especially useful for the farmer. An animal can be led by means of it with no danger of the knots slipping and choking the animal, no matter how

much it may plunge or pull.—American Agriculturist.



HOW TO TIE THE KNOTS.

much it may plunge or pull.—American Agriculturist.

## In United States Lying Ground?

Dr. Saunders, director of experimental farms in Canada, is authority for the statement that there were produced in the Dominion last year about 80,000,000 bushels of wheat. In the contest for the production of this cereal Canada possesses many advantages over other countries in soil and climate. Canada's chief competitors in the British market in the future, in Dr. Saunders' opinion, will be Russia, Argentina and India. He pointed out that the exports of wheat from the United States are rapidly declining.

In 1902 American exports of wheat to Great Britain amounted to 81,000,000 bushels, or 54 per cent of Great Britain's total needs; in 1903 these exports were 45,000,000 bushels, and last year only 12,000,000 bushels. American flour exports had similarly fallen off from 7,000,000 hundredweight in 1903 to 4,000,000 hundredweight in 1904. Is the United States to be superseded, relegated to a place farther down in the line of wheat-producing countries?

## Sheep Shearings.

Sheep are more economical meat producers than steers.

When breeding to improve eyes should be two years old when bred.

To secure the best returns in feeding have the sheep as even as possible.

The more sheep you can keep and keep right the less per sheep will the cost be.

Under ordinary conditions the manure from sheep should pay for the labor of caring for them.

A good foot rot medicine must be somewhat caustic, in liquid form and cheap enough to use freely.

Sheep should be charged with the value of the food consumed and what the pasturage is worth.

If sheep are pastured on low, wet land, care must be taken to keep their feet well trimmed.

Sheep cannot be fattened profitably when they are full of parasites. Kill the vermin and then fatten.

If the best profit is realized, not only the wool, but the mutton and the lamb, must contribute their part.

It will pay, if you intend to sell your sheep at public sale, to have some one grade them up in even lots.

## Gathered in the Garden.

Probably no other small fruit will give more weight of crop for the space it occupies than the currant.

Cut the black knot out of the plum and cherry trees.

Bone meal and wood ashes in the soil are great for sweet peas.

Don't trim the cherry trees now. Wait till June and then be light handed.

To bleed the grapevines by cutting during March, April or May is bad management.

Radishes are usually ready for use in six weeks from sowing.

Cold frames are useful for forwarding lettuce and cabbage in spring or early summer.

## ILLINOIS LAWMAKERS.

Advocates of local option and their opponents fought a drawn battle in the House Tuesday. Friends of the measure succeeded in preventing the reference of Senate bill 95 to the license committee, but their victory was only half earned, their opponents by a vote of 79 to 49 sending the bill to the judiciary committee instead of the elections committee as demanded by Superintendent W. H. Anderson of the Anti-Saloon League. The vote is not so much an expression on the local option issue as a sharp notice to Superintendent Anderson that the House will not permit him to dictate to it what course shall be pursued on legislation. This was shown in several explanations of votes during the roll call. Another drawn battle was fought in the House on the disposition of the McCaskrin-Cooke contest. After voting, 70 to 53, to lay on the table a report of the minority that George W. McCaskrin, the sitting member, retain his seat, the House turned a complete flip-dip and by a vote of 66 to 53 refused to adopt the report of the majority of the elections committee, which recommended the seating of George A. Cooke, the contesting Democrat. The Senate passed the bill creating a board of examiners for nurses, the Anderson bill, permitting cities to build sidewalks by special taxation instead of special assessment, and the Mueller bill, prepared by State's Attorney Healy, giving the State the right to appeal in habeas corpus cases.

Practically nothing was done in either branch of the General Assembly Wednesday outside of committees. In the House Dr. Norden called up House bill No. 218, which places all State employees under civil service. Objections to the consideration of the bill were made, however, and the measure was dropped by Speaker Shurtliff, who gave up the time of the session to the advancement of appropriation bills and measures in which country members are particularly interested. The House passed the Senate bill under which the city of Galena will be able to issue bonds for the erection of a new school house to replace the one recently destroyed by fire, also Hearn's bill providing that boards of review shall make earlier reports to the State Auditor. The House omnibus appropriation bill of the charitable institutions were advanced to second reading. The bill prepared by Lyman E. Cooley of Chicago, for reorganizing the sanitary district of Chicago, was introduced in the Senate by Senator D. A. Campbell. It provides for the abolition of the present board of nine trustees of the district, and the substitution thereof of a board of five trustees, two of whom are to be trustees-at-large, appointed by the Governor, and the other three elected by the people. The bill went to the committee.

The House refused Thursday to permit the advancement of the Norden bill providing for civil service in all State offices. Many members objected to the second reading of the measure, whereupon Chairman Norden moved a suspension of the rules that he might get the measure before the House. The motion was lost by a vote of 67 to 54, a two-thirds vote being required for a suspension. Mr. Mundy of Wabash started another flurry in the House by calling up House bill No. 687, which raises the assessable value of real property from one-fifth to one-fourth of the full value. Mr. Hardin of Warren moved to strike out the enacting clause, saying the bill would increase taxes 25 per cent. The Hardin motion was defeated by a vote of 59 to 40. House bill 427, requiring the Chicago drainage trustees to give an accounting and report to the Governor, was passed unanimously. The House passed House bill 83, by Mr. Bredt, making the alluring of children a felony and punishable by from one to twenty years' imprisonment. The Senate passed the Hearn bill forbidding the marriage of girls under 16 years of age, even with the consent of parents. Omnibus bills carrying big appropriations for the State government were introduced in the Senate and House. The bills carry a total appropriation of \$3,707,534.10 for the next biennium. An important increase is made for the commissioners of State contracts, who are given \$170,000, instead of \$125,000, as in 1903, because of deficits in the printing and binding funds. The Governor is given a special auditor at \$10,000 for two years, and \$1,500 expenses to check up the State institutions and keep the executive thoroughly informed of their condition. The National Guard and Naval Reserve get \$325,440. The committee recommended the appropriation of \$22,125 for new khaki uniforms for the guardsmen and \$8,750 for improvements at the State arsenal and Camp Lincoln.

No business was transacted by the Senate Friday, and the House devoted the morning to the advancement of bills, among them being Dr. Norden's bill limiting State civil service to employees of the State charitable institutions. The measure was sent to second reading and is therefore abreast with the "comprehensive" State civil service bill. On motion of Mr. Castle the Lindly county civil service bill, on order of third reading, was made a special order for Friday. The Senate bill abolishing common law marriages and providing that persons under the age of 16 shall not marry was advanced to third reading, after an amendment had been adopted raising the age limit for boys to 17. The Dixon bill exempting from taxation the capital stock of mercantile corporations is on third reading in the Senate. The same measure has been referred to a subcommittee of the revenue committee in the House. Downside's local option bill for cities and Illinois anti-vivisection bill also are on third reading in the Senate. Members of the House are receiving scores of telegrams from insurance men and bankers protesting against the insurance clause of the McKinley anti-trust bill which was unanimously reported out of the judiciary committee. Gov. Deussen and Attorney General Stead have approved the bill and Assistant Attorney General Gillespie has been assigned to give his personal attention to the measure.

## Bills Introduced—House.

By Benbow of Madison—Making it the duty as well as the privilege of a citizen to vote.



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**ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS.**

**EDITORIAL NOTES.**

The President did not get his salary doubled, but he is working just as hard as if he had.

Maud Gonne, the Irish "Joan of Arc," is still fighting for liberty. But just at present in a divorce court.

Mr. Bryan says "whatever the people want is right," which is equivalent to admitting that he himself has been wrong, all this time.

Bishop McFaul, of New Jersey, says that society women are literally soaked with alcohol. Perhaps they are trying to preserve their charms.

A society has been organized for the purpose of bringing lonesome people together. Judge Alton B. Parker will probably be posted for membership.

Speaker Cannon is opposed to the improvement and beautification of the city of Washington. He probably thinks the White House is good enough for him just as it is.

The latest gossip has it that Mr. George B. Cortelyou will become Secretary of the Treasury when Mr. Shaw resigns. At the present rate of progress nothing can stop Mr. Cortelyou but the President's chair.

A man who took two lead pencils belonging to the government has sent ten cents to the conscience fund. The money will probably be used to help defray the expenses of some of the junketing trips this summer.

The President is not a "ladies man" but he is the only President the women of the United States have ever had. Providence did not leave him childless that the country might call him father, but it gave him a family that he might tell every mother how to rear hers.

The Senate is not a numerous body, but it saw the joke when Senator Morgan had the so-called "original" Santo Domingo treaty, prepared by Mrs. Reader, exhibited in the Senate. It referred to Santo Domingo and the United States as the two "High Contracting Parties" and suggested that the armies and navies of the two countries be allied for mutual benefit and defense.

From the mixing of soda water to the mixing of the finances and government of countries is quite a step, but it seems to have been the stride taken by Mrs. Athole Reader in fifteen years. If her vanity had allowed her to keep her hand covered a few years longer there is no knowing the things she might have done. At any rate she has done us the service of displacing the public interest in Mrs. Chadwick.

The changes in the Canal zone are to be even more extensive than was at first anticipated. President Roosevelt is not the man to do things half way, and when he started out to make changes in the Canal Commission it might have been expected that he would not stop until he had provided for a service that he considered would be the very best obtainable. Under the present arrangement, no one of the old commission will be retained, except Chief Engineer, in whom the President has unlimited confidence and who will practically have entire charge of the construction of the canal. There will be an advisory board it is true, but the authority of Engineer Wallace in the Canal zone will be unquestioned. With the elimination of the present commission, the way is cleared for pushing the actual work of digging dirt. Most of the Commissioners were appointed for political reasons and without regard to their ability to carry on the great administrative work of the canal. They were also of the old type of Government appointees, who see in any appointment a job for life. The idea of bustling a government work through with the least possible red tape, delay and graft, is a product entirely of the last decade and has never reached its fullest development, except under the administration of the man who now occupies the President's chair. That we may look for other startling and salutary extensions of the same idea in the next four years the quick and effective action in regard to the Canal Commissioners gives us a hopeful suggestion.

**Eggs Easily Digested.**  
Eggs are very easily digested. Raw eggs are more quickly digested than cooked eggs. Soft-boiled eggs, roasted eggs and poached eggs are more easily digested than fried or hard-boiled eggs. The stomach will digest a raw egg in from one and a half to two hours.

**Sermon on Cleanliness.**  
Once a year the archbishop of Tuam preaches a sermon on health and cleanliness. The national board of the Catholic Truth society of Ireland has issued a sanitary sermon as a pamphlet, which sells at a penny.

**DENEEN'S ACTION  
PRESAGES BREAK**

**Removal of Trustees Causes  
Considerable Speculative  
Gossip.**

**UNFAIRNESS CHARGED TO YATES**

**McCaskrin-Cooke Contest To Be  
Finally Disposed of  
This Week.**

**Mine Workers Visit Springfield in the  
Interest of the Shot-Firers'  
Bill—Other Legislative  
Matters.**

Springfield, Ill., March 28.—The removal by Governor Deneen of three of the trustees of the Western Illinois State Normal school last week has been the subject of much speculative gossip among the politicians. By many it is taken to overshadow a break between the present governor and his predecessor. Friends of Governor Deneen have declared that former Governor Yates has undertaken to take an unfair advantage of the decision of the former to not make any changes in the officials of the various institutions and departments of the state until after the adjournment of the legislature.

The trustees who were summarily ousted by Governor Deneen are John M. Keeler, S. H. Trego and John A. Mead. It was reported to the governor that these officials had undertaken to contract for the expenditure of funds that have not yet been appropriated by the general assembly. This was taken by some to indicate that former Governor Yates had planned to practically control the administration of state affairs for the next eighteen months by having all the contracts awarded to his friends. This would give the former governor almost unlimited political power and would be of immeasurable advantage to him in his coming campaign for United States senator.

**What the Governor Says.**  
Discussing the reasons for his dismissal of the former trustees Governor Deneen said:

"I am informed that business matters usually postponed until after the adjournment of the legislature, were considered by its board at its quarterly meeting in Macomb on the 13th and 14th of this month. The board's conduct implies an increase of ordinary expenses for the current year. The additional expense anticipates appropriations. It is unwise to do so, as well as unjust to other institutions of like kind. 'The appropriations for normal schools must be equalized and the total fixed at a reasonable amount. This amount must be fairly distributed among these institutions, in proportion to their several needs. This cannot be so well done where a board, as this one has attempted to do, forestalls the action of the legislature in making appropriations. It is doubtful propriety for boards to attempt to make contracts imposing liabilities for the payment of money before the legislature had its appropriation bills further advanced than they now are. I consider this action premature and wish to investigate the requirements of this institution before action is taken by the board.'"

**McCaskrin-Cooke Contest.**

The final disposition of the McCaskrin-Cooke election contest from the Rock Island district is expected when the house meets tomorrow. Whether or not the house will seat McCaskrin, who was declared by the election judges to be elected by a plurality of some 600 votes, is problematical. When the matter was up last Tuesday the house refused to accept either the majority or minority report of the committee on elections. The minority report, which was first considered, recommended the seating of McCaskrin, but this report was turned down by a decisive vote. The majority report recommending the seating of Cooke was then considered, but by an unexpected turn of sentiment a number of members who voted against the minority report took the same stand regarding the majority report.

The fight on the floor over this contest has developed into one between the organization of the two parties on one side and the individual members of the house on the other. Both the Republican and Democratic organizations are in favor of seating Cooke. The Republican contention is that Cooke should be seated, to uphold Attorney General Stead, under whose interpretation of the law relative to the counting of cumulative votes Cooke has a small plurality. The Democratic organization wants Cooke seated because he is a Democrat, and McCaskrin, while elected as an independent, has heretofore been affiliated with the Republicans.

**Did Not Understand the Law.**  
It is apparent to all, however, that when the election was held the voters of the Rock Island district did not understand the law as Attorney General Stead has interpreted it and according to their intentions, McCaskrin undoubtedly was elected. Another election contest to be settled this week is that of James D. Putnam, against George B. Sucher, for the

senatorship from the Peoria district. The report of the senate committee on elections was presented last Thursday. It found Putnam to have been elected by a plurality of sixteen. There had been a bitter fight in the committee, however, and it is declared that the committee majority was grossly unfair in its recounting and changed his rulings frequently in order to count a majority for Putnam. When the matter comes up in the senate this week an effort will be made to have the contest referred to a new committee with instructions to again recount the ballots. As some of the Republican members of the senate are understood to oppose the seating of Putnam under the circumstances a lively debate is expected.

**Miners After Legislation.**  
Members of the United Mine Workers of America will descend in force on the house and senate this week in an endeavor to secure favorable action upon their shot-firers' bill. This measure compels mine operators to employ expert firers to make all firings in coal mines after the miners have left the pit. The action of the senate last week in recalling this bill from third reading, and committing it to the judiciary committee, was taken by many to indicate the death of the measure. The legislative committee of the United Mine Workers of America, however, declares that it did not place this interpretation on the senate's action. The committee's objection to the course of the bill was explained by Richard Tippet, a member of the legislative committee: "We were afraid," said he, "that further delay might imperil the chances of the bill, but we are confident the senate committee on judiciary will report out the bill with but little delay. In fact we have been given to understand the bill will come back to the senate this week."

**Black Eye to Civil Service.**  
Civil service was given a black eye in the house last Thursday, when the members by a vote of 67 to 52, refused to suspend the rules to take up for second reading Dr. Norden's civil service bill covering all state departments and institutions. There has been considerable objection to this bill, although it has carried the title of a "comprehensive" civil service measure and is generally considered the most acceptable measure that has been presented on this subject.

Although Dr. Norden's bill is now on the bottom of the house calendar, Lieutenant Governor Sherman is of opinion that it will not be killed. He says that in the Republican state convention the party pledged itself to support such a measure and he is quite confident that the legislators feel they cannot afford to kill such a bill. Many Democrats too, he says, favor the bill and he expects it to be passed in spite of the unfavorable action of last week.

There is small prospect of any action on the Burke civil service bill until after the municipal election in the city of Chicago. As amended, the Burke bill applies civil service to everything in sight in Cook county and the Republicans are afraid of the effect such a measure would have on the mayoralty election next month. The bill was a special order on the calendar for last Friday, but action was postponed for one week. As few members of the house are likely to be present next Friday it will be an easy matter to secure another postponement of action.

**Gas and Electric Light Rates.**  
A public meeting of the house committee on municipal corporations has been arranged for tomorrow afternoon for a hearing on the various bills before the committee dealing with gas and electric light rates. Some of the bills fix the rates, and some only give to cities the power to regulate such rates. It is expected that several strong delegations from various cities of the state will be present to present their cases before the committee.

Efforts are being made by the officials of the Illinois Anti-Saloon league to prevail upon the house committee on judiciary to act this week on the senate local option bill. The reference of the bill to this committee is looked upon as a partial victory for the anti-saloon element. Reference of the measure to the license committee was generally taken to mean its death. Supporters of the measure now hope that it will get upon the floor of the house without amendment.

**Mundy's Bill Has Close Call.**  
Representative Mundy's bill, which has the solid support of the members from southern Illinois, struck a snag in the house last Thursday and narrowly escaped a premature death. The bill provides for raising the tax levy outside of Cook county from one-fifth to one-quarter of the assessed valuation. When the bill was called up on second reading an offer was made by northern Illinois members to strike out the enacting clause and the motion was adopted by a narrow majority. Some of those who voted against this action took occasion to explain that they were opposed to killing it at that time and in that manner. Much activity will be necessary on the part of Mr. Mundy and his associates to save the measure. S. LEIGH CALL.

**PERSONAL.**  
Henry Tollemache, for twenty-four years a member of the British parliament, has never made a speech. The new senator from Massachusetts, Winthrop Murray Crane, receives more begging letters than any of his colleagues.

Queen Amelle of Portugal has set her heart on a doctor's degree, and will enter for the next examination for the Lisbon faculty of medicine.

Tong Shin Ye, new Chinese minister to England, was one of the second delegation of youths sent to the United States in 1872 to be educated.

**BADLY DECAYED  
TEETH**  
CAN BE SAVED BY  
**G. R. OLCOTT**  
Dentist  
ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS

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129 **BANK OF ANTIOCH.**

**The Original Telegraph.**  
Claude Chappe, who drowned himself in a well on January 3 a hundred years ago, was described in his time as "the inventor of the telegraph," says the London Telegraph. It was not the electric telegraph that we know of, of course, but a very primitive wireless contrivance, a semaphore, in fact, consisting of an upright post, a transverse bar on the top and two arms working on pivots at the ends of this bar. By means of a code and the placing of a series of these posts so that each could be seen from the next, messages were carried over fifty leagues in a quarter of an hour. The French legislative assembly adopted the system; but insinuations that Chappe had stolen it from others preyed upon his mind and drove him to suicide.

**Cough Settled on Her Lungs**  
"My daughter had a terrible cough which settled on her lungs," says N. Jackson, of Danville, Ill. "We tried a great many remedies without relief, until we gave her Foley's Honey and Tar which cured her." Refuse substitutes. Sold by J. H. Swan.

**Destructive Swiss Avalanches.**  
An avalanche which recently occurred near the town of Davos, in Switzerland, came down from a height of nearly 3,000 feet, and entirely closed one of the rural roads leading to the city. In order to restore a passage it was necessary to cut a tunnel through the hard snow. To what extent and of what magnitude such avalanches occur in Switzerland may be imagined from the fact that about two months ago a slide took place from the glaciers which was estimated to contain over 40,000,000 cubic feet of snow. In many instances small villages have been entirely buried under these masses.

**Polltiness.**  
Polltiness often represents  
A kindly feeling, yet  
The man who looks like thirty cents,  
Polltiness often represents  
Who never pays a debt.  
Polltiness often represents  
A kindly feeling, yet—

La grippe coughs yield quickly to the wonderful curative qualities of Foley's Honey and Tar. There is nothing else "just as good." Sold by J. H. Swan.

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**We have just added a fine line of  
RANGES and PARLOR STOVES  
of the Bement make, Detroit, Mich.  
AND THE PRICES ARE RIGHT.  
A. N. Tiffany & Company  
Union Block, Antioch, Ill.**

**VIRGINIA FARMS**  
**\$5.00 Per Acre And Up.**

**WE FURNISH LISTS OF DESIRABLE FARMS AND OLD PLANTATIONS** for sale on our line of road in Virginia. Productive lands with improvements, in desirable communities, with best church, school and social advantages, at \$5.00 and up per acre. We have many Northern and Western people with us already who are delighted with our section. Come and see what they are doing, how they like the country, people, climate, etc. Why stay in the cold North with its short summers and long cold winters, when we offer you here in the sunny South all your present advantages and numerous others at less than one-third of your present investment.

For further information, lists of farms or industrial openings, excursion rates, etc., and our beautiful pamphlet on Virginia, address  
**F. H. LABAUME, Agr. and Ind. Agt. Norfolk & Western R'y.**  
Dep't. B 1, Roanoke, Va.

**Are You Interested in the South?**  
DO YOU CARE TO KNOW OF THE MARVELOUS  
DEVELOPMENT NOW GOING ON IN  
**The Great Central South?**  
OF INNUMERABLE OPPORTUNITIES FOR YOUNG MEN  
OR OLD ONES—TO GROW RICH!

Do you want to know about rich farming lands, fertile, well located, on a Trunk Line Railroad, which will produce two, three and four crops from the same field each year, and which can be purchased at very low prices and on easy terms? About stock raising where the extreme of winter feeding is but six (6) short weeks? Of places where truck growing and fruit raising yield enormous returns yearly. Of a land where you can live out of doors every day in the year? Of opportunities for establishing profitable manufacturing industries; of rich mineral locations, and splendid business openings.

If you want to know the details of any or all of these write me. I will gladly advise you fully and truthfully.

**G. A. PARK, General Immigration and Industrial Agent**  
**LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE RAILROAD CO.**  
LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY.

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**Paints = Oils = Brushes**  
Make your Old Woodwork and  
Old Furniture new by applying  
**CHI--NAMEL**  
For sale by **James H. Swan, Antioch, Ill.**

**USE A-B Stove Polish**  
**WORLD'S BEST**  
—LIQUID AND DRY—  
Selling druggists, 14 Madison Ave., Chicago



## ADJOINING TOWNS

From our Staff of Able Correspondents.

### LAKE VILLAGE, ILL.

Will Blair, a nephew of Burtis Overton, is painting a cottage at Fox Lake.

Mrs. Eugene Hawkins is quite sick with malaria.

Little John Shephardson visited with his grandparents a part of last week.

Mrs. R. Westlake entertained her sister from Camp Lake Saturday and Sunday.

Henry Langbein has been looking up old friends this week.

Edgar Kerr is home for a week's vacation.

Mrs. W. Cremien was calling on friends in the village Saturday.

Mr. Will Wilmington shipped sheep from here Wednesday.

Mr. C. G. Nelson spent Friday in the city.

Lyle Miller has been sick at his home for several days, but is now better.

Mrs. John Cribb and infant son visited in town Friday.

Olive Nelson of Waukegan, is home for a week's vacation.

Miss Helen Richards, of Allendale, is enjoying a well earned vacation.

Mr. Tom Donnelly was out to his Sand Lake cottage last Wednesday.

Mrs. C. Nelson accompanied her cousin Lafayette Allen to Grayslake on Tuesday afternoon.

The Ladies Aid will meet with Mrs. Will Barnstable on Wednesday, April 5. Everybody invited.

Mrs. Will Griesmer and Miss Florence Watson were Grayslake visitors Wednesday.

Frank Hamlin and Harry Miller are the lucky hunters of the neighborhood. They brought in 49 ducks one evening last week.

Fae Potter, Bertha Harbaugh and Eva Rowling were in Antioch between trains Saturday.

Mr. Frank Hucker has just returned from a visit to Chetek, Wis., where he has been looking after his farm.

Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Hamlin, John Kerr and Mrs. J. G. Rowling were all Grayslake visitors last week.

Mr. Frank Richards has employed Everett Chamberlin to help him on his farm this summer.

Mr. and Mrs. Russel Douglass spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Hughes. Mrs. Douglass will spend some time with her parents before returning home.

Sidney Wallace met with quite a serious accident while doing some carpenter work at Allendale Thursday. A heavy glass door was blown against him, the glass cutting his head and face quite badly and the frame injuring his shoulder. Dr. Shaffer was called and he soon had him quite comfortable.

A small boy of our town heard the thunder a few evenings ago and asked his mother for an explanation which was given. He thought for a few minutes and then asked, "Who makes the thunder mamma?" Upon receiving the answer, that "God makes the thunder", he seemed quite satisfied but it seems he did not forget it, for the next morning he greeted his father with: "Say papa, when I die and go to heaven I am going to ask God to let me drive that thunder wagon."

### GRAYSLAKE, ILL.

H. J. Higley, of Chicago, visited over Sunday with his parents here.

Mr. Carney, of Bristol, Wis., was the guest of Mr. Allens family over Sunday.

Mr. C. P. Barstow, of Wheaton, called on friends here this week.

Mr. Waldman spent the past week at his home here.

Jessie Longabau is home from Wheaton on a week's vacation.

The Royal Neighbors entertained on Tuesday evening and a fine time was had.

Mr. and Mrs. Tieman, of Chicago, spent Sunday with Mrs. Tieman's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Lyman Lewis.

Mrs. Howe (nee Bulwinkle) of Portland, Oregon, formerly of Druce Lake, and her little daughter are visiting friends here.

Mrs. Wm. Edwards spent part of the week with her sister Mrs. Croker, of Libertyville, Mrs. Croker having lost her little son on Friday, at the age of 22 months.

Mr. William Peeter has been confined to the house, having been injured by a horse while clipping it. The horse struck him in the face with the forward foot and cut it quite badly.

Mr. Ritty has purchased of Mr. Robinson the building known as Mr. Murrie's warehouse and will move it on some lots he recently purchased east of the Wisconsin Central tracks and will conduct a first class creamery.

### MILLBURN, ILL.

Miss Carrie Bater returned last Saturday.

Miss Ellen Safford spent Sunday here at her new home.

Miss Edith Van Alstine started last Monday to teach the Hockaday school.

Rev. Holcombe, of Chicago, has been visiting with Rev. A. W. Safford.

Mrs. John Eichinger went to Chicago last Saturday.

Mr. George Stone has moved into the house vacated last fall by Mr. Scott Leroy.

Ole Cleveland, Vera Werden and Victor Strang returned to Rochester last Monday.

Earnest White left Monday for a trip out West.

Ed Taylor, of Chicago, was out Saturday to attend his mother's furniture sale.

A. K. Bain has moved his furniture to his new home.

A number of young folks spent a pleasant evening at the Spafford's last Wednesday, it being Emma Spafford's birthday.

Miss Kittie Smith has gone to her new home with her mother and sister in Waukegan.

C. E. topic, April 2—"The Making of a Christian—His Food." 2 Tim. 3: 14-17; John 6: 47-58. Simeon Ames, leader.

### TREVOR, WIS.

Wood sawyers are in our midst.

Mr. and Mrs. N. Parks spent the past week in Milwaukee.

Mr. Nelson and family from Chicago, are moving into their new home this week.

Mrs. Aichtenberg visited her sister near Burlington on Tuesday.

Ruben Turnock will celebrate his 21st birthday Friday evening by giving a party to his young friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Blanchard, of York State, are visiting their brother Judd Van Duzer and family, also other relatives about our town.

Joe Smith will move into the Barbyto rooms vacated by Douglas Barbyto and family, who have moved to the James Turnock farm.

At Liberty church next Sunday, being the first Sunday in the second quarter, communion services will be held following the preaching service. All the members are especially invited to be present.

### BRISTOL, WIS.

Miss Nellie Raught, of Waukegan, is visiting her cousin, Miss Brosin Williams.

Miss Jessie Shumway, of Chicago, is visiting Mrs. Will Foulke.

Miss Mae Sanborn, of Kenosha, spent Sunday with her aunt, Miss Eliza Cotting.

C. M. Bishop is attending the Undertakers' convention at Madison.

Miss Florence Cotting returned from Kenosha Saturday evening.

On Wednesday evening of last week the Royal Neighbors gave a social at the home of W. R. Turner.

Miss Edith Murdoch and Miss May Friebe have returned home from Oshkosh for the spring vacation.

The lodge of Mystic Workers took in a number of new members on Friday evening.

### Incredible Brutality

It would have been incredible brutality if Chas. F. Lemberger, of Syracuse, N. Y., had not done the best he could for his suffering son. "My boy," he says, "cut a fearful gash over his eye, so I applied Bucklen's Arnica Salve, which quickly healed it and saved his eye. Good for burns and ulcers too. Only 25c at J. H. Swan's drug store."

### Benny on the Boa Constrictor.

The boa constrictor is a large snake with scales on its outside and a stomach sixteen feet long. It lives in warm countries, where there is a great deal of rain and jungles, and has a tongue that looks like a streak of lightning flashing athwart the pale horizon. When you see a boa constrictor in a cage you think how much better it would feel if it could go out and stretch itself, but, alas, it cannot.

When my Uncle Hiram was kind of sick once he said he saw a red boa constrictor with horns on its head, but no one else in the apartment could see it. The boa constrictor can be trained so it will let a lady with her hair all frizzled take it out of a box and bend it around her neck, but I would rather play with a pet kitten, which is warmer and more affectionate.—Chicago Tribune.

### Artificial Foot for Dog.

Mr. William H. Boers, a wealthy New York broker, whose pet St. Bernard dog had its forefoot crushed by a car, has ordered an artificial foot made for the dog, regardless of cost.

## OFFICIAL BALLOT

TOWNSHIP OF ANTIOCH

Election Tuesday, April 4, 1905.

☐ For Supervisor  
**ERNEST L. SIMONS**

☐ For Town Clerk  
**W. S. RINEAR**

☐ For Assessor  
**HERMAN BOCK**

☐ For Collector  
**PERCIVAL DIBBLE**

☐ For Justices of the Peace  
**J. C. JAMES, Jr.**

☐ **BURTIS OVERTON**

☐ For Constables  
**FRANK HOOPER**

☐ **WILL HUCKER**

*W. S. Rinear,*  
Clerk.

Do You Remember?  
Do you remember, little wife,  
How years ago we two together  
Saw naught but love illumine life  
In sunny days or winter weather?

Do you remember how we two  
Would stare into each other's eyes,  
Till all the earth grew heavenly blue,  
And speech was lost in happy sighs?

Do you another thing recall,  
That used to happen often then;  
How, simply passing in the hall,  
We'd stop to smile and kiss again?

Do you remember how I sat  
And, reading, held your hand in mine,  
Caresing it with gentle pat—  
One pat for every blessed line?

Do you recall while at the play  
Through hours of agony we tarried?  
The lovers' strife brought us dismay;  
Oh, we rejoiced when they were married.

Ah, me, 'twas years and years ago  
When all this happened that I sing,  
And many a time the winter snow  
Has slipped from olive slopes of spring.

And now—oh, nonsense; let us tell:  
A fig for laugh of maid or man;  
You'll hide your blushes? I'll not. Well—  
We're ten times worse than we were then.

—Century.

All Carried Walking Sticks.  
Walking sticks were in the fashion in Greece about four and twenty centuries ago, when the man who appeared in the streets of Athens without a stick was liable to be arrested as a disorderly person.

Sweden's Export of Lumber.  
Sweden's biggest export is timber. It sells \$27,500,000 worth a year.

## For Thin Babies

Fat is of great account to a baby; that is why babies are fat. If your baby is scrawny, Scott's Emulsion is what he wants. The healthy baby stores as fat what it does not need immediately for bone and muscle. Fat babies are happy; they do not cry; they are rich; their fat is laid up for time of need. They are happy because they are comfortable. The fat surrounds their little nerves and cushions them. When they are scrawny those nerves are hurt at every ungentle touch. They delight in Scott's Emulsion. It is as sweet as wholesome to them.

Send for free sample.



Be sure that this picture in the form of a label is on the wrapper of every bottle of Emulsion you buy.

**Scott & Bowne**  
Chemists  
409-415 Pearl Street  
New York  
50c. and \$1.00  
All Druggists

Cultivate the Memory.  
Many people complain of having a poor memory, and yet that faculty can be developed as easily as can the biceps muscle. Nor is it necessary to go to any professor of memory or to master any elaborate system in order to accomplish this result. One does not have to go to a gymnasium to strengthen the arm or back. Chopping wood or rowing a boat will do it. Similarly, memory may be cultivated by an effort and amid ordinary pursuits.

## ILLINOIS CENTRAL

HOMESEEKERS' RATES AT  
**LESS THAN ONE FARE**  
FOR THE ROUND TRIP TO THE  
SOUTH AND SOUTHWEST  
APRIL 4 AND 18

On the above dates the Illinois Central will sell round-trip tickets from stations on its line to

Jackson, Miss., Vicksburg, Miss., Natchez, Miss., New Orleans, La., and to all Illinois Central and Yazoo & Mississippi Valley R. R. points in the states of Mississippi and Louisiana. Also on same dates, round-trip tickets to

Jennings, La., Lake Charles, La., Beaumont, Tex., Houston, Tex., San Antonio, Tex.,

and to points on the Southern Pacific R. R. in the states of Louisiana (west of and including New Iberia, La.) and Texas (east of and including San Antonio, Tex.)

Return Limit of 21 Days

Tickets, specific rates and full information of the Illinois Central and connecting lines.

A. H. HANSON, G. P. A., Chicago.

### Adjudication Notice.

Public notice is hereby given that the subscriber, administrator of the estate of Mary Babster, deceased, will attend the County Court of Lake County, at a term thereof to be held at the Court House in Waukegan, in said county, on the first Monday of May, next, 1905, when and where all persons having claims against said estate are notified and requested to present the same to said court for adjudication.

EUGENE A. WILTON, Administrator.  
Waukegan, Feb. 21, 1905.

### Adjudication Notice.

Public notice is hereby given that the subscriber Herman Bock, executor of the last will and testament of Thomas Barnstable deceased, will attend the County Court of Lake County, at a term thereof to be held at the Court House in Waukegan, in said county, on the first Monday of May, next, 1905, when and where all persons having claims against said estate are notified and requested to present the same to said court for adjudication.

HERMAN BOCK, Executor.  
Waukegan, March 6, 1905.

**E. V. ORVIS,**  
LAWYER.  
PRACTICE ALL COURTS.

**FRANK B. ORVIS,**  
INSURANCE.

Offices: Waukegan, Phone 1291.  
Spring Grove.

# Special Sale

LACE CURTAINS, worth \$1.75, now **\$1.25**

1500 YARDS LACE, worth 5c, 6c and 7c, now **2c** a yard

LADIES FANCY COLLARS, at **15c** and up

SILK EMBROIDERY WAIST PATTERNS **\$1.75**

SHIRT WAIST GOODS, worth 25c and 35c a yard, now **18c**

APRON GINGHAMS, worth 8c, now **6c**

FRENCH GINGHAM, worth 12½c, now **8c**

BEAUTIFUL DOUBLE WIDTH PERCALE, per yard **8c**

INDIA LINEN, worth 22c, now **15c**

UNBLEACHED TOWELS, Extra Heavy, worth 14c, now **11c**

TURKEY RED TABLE CLOTHS, worth 65c, now **50c**

HALF BLEACHED TABLE CLOTH, 2 yards wide, per y'd **60c**

LADIES WRAPPERS, worth \$1.35, now **\$1.10**

EVERY ARTICLE IS A REAL **Bargain**

I have a full line of Ladies Muslin Wear.  
10 styles of Mens Overshirts. A fancy line of Socks.

You Remember the **Royal Worcester Corsets** are the Best in the Market.

J. N. COHN, PROP. **The** ANTIOCH, - ILL.

## Antioch Bargain House.

## We Make Clothes for Over 300,000 Customers



Our Clothing is worn in every State in the Union. We even do business with commercial and professional men in New York City, the fashion center of the country. They tell us we give them **Perfect Satisfaction at One-Half the Price** they formerly paid at home. You can easily appreciate that with such an enormous volume of business—over a thousand clothing orders a day—we can make lowest possible prices. We save the average buyer about one-third and guarantee satisfaction.

**Men's Made-to-Order and Ready-Made Suits, \$4.75 to \$30.00; Spring O'Coats \$6 to \$22.50**

You must wear clothes, and there is no good reason why you should not buy them from us, direct from the manufacturer, and save all jobbers' agents' and dealers' profits. Don't hesitate. If you have never tried it, you do not know how easy it is to get a perfect fit from us.

**Send for Free Sample Book**

It costs you nothing to see our fabrics and prices, and you are under no obligation to send us your order.

**Fill in This Coupon**

Just take out your pencil right now never mind a pen and check off the title (X) the Sample Book you want. Then tear out the coupon, put it in an envelope, mail it to Montgomery Ward & Co., Chicago, and you will receive, free of all charge, the finest Book of Clothing Samples you ever saw, and at prices that will surprise you.

Do it right now, before you forget

**Montgomery Ward & Co.**

Michigan Avenue, Madison and Washington Streets  
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Licensed Embalmer  
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## R. W. Churchill,

Attorney-at-Law  
Grayslake, Ill.

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WASHINGTON, D. C.

## HAIR'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN Hair Renewer

Renews the hair, makes it new again, restores the freshness. Just what you need if your hair is faded or turning gray, for it always restores the color. Stops falling hair, also.



# CRIPPS, THE CARRIER

R. D. BLACKMORE

Author of "LORNA DOONE," "LICE LORRAINE," ETC., ETC.

CHAPTER XII.—(Continued.)  
"You are right," answered Overshute. "I gave my horse to a boy to hold and followed the man into a warm, dry place, and into his own corner. As I passed, and the people made way for me, I saw that they were genuine gypsies, not mere English vagabonds. My gruff companion raised a screen, and showed me into his snugger."

"It was dimly lit by a queer old lamp of red earthenware, and of Roman shape. Couches of heather, and a few low stools and some vessels were the only furniture; but the place was beautifully clean and fragrant with dry fern and herbs. In the furthest corner lay little Tom, with a woman bending over him. At the sound of our entry she turned to meet us, and I saw Cinnaminta. Her hair and eyes and graceful carriage were as grand as ever, and her forehead as clear and noble; but her face had lost the bright puzzle of youth, and the flush of damask beauty. In a word, that rich mysterious look, which used to thrill so many hearts, was changed into the glance of fear, and the restless gaze of anxiety."

"She knew me at once, and asked, with a very poor attempt at gaiety—'Are you come to have your fortune told, sir?'"

"Before I could answer, her husband spoke some words in her own language, and the 'Princess,' as we used to call her, took my hand in both of hers, and kissed it, and poured forth her thanks. She had been so engrossed with her poor sick child that she had not known me on horseback. Having done so little to deserve her thanks, I was quite surprised at such gratitude, and it made me fear that she must be now unaccustomed to kind treatment. I asked how her grandmother was, who used to sit up so proudly at Cowley, as well as her sister, the little thing that used to run in and out so. As I spoke of them, she shook her head and gazed at some long distance, to tell me that they were no more. I could not remember the rest of her peo-

ple, except Uncle Kershoe, as fine a fellow as ever stole a horse. When I spoke of him, she laughed as if he were going on as well as ever; and I hoped that it might be no son of his to whom I had trusted Cantelepe. But of course I knew that gypsy honor would hold him sacred for the time. It really made me feel as if I never should laugh again almost, when I saw this fine, unselfish woman controlling herself, and commanding herself, in the depth of her misery about her child. And when I thought how she might have got on, if she only had liked education, and that; and to marry a fellow of Oriel. I really could not help feeling that poor Cinnaminta had not made a good tally with her husband. However, that was no concern of mine. She had made her own choice, and must stick to it. But to think of it made me uncomfortable, and I could not speak then of what I wished to speak of, but took short leave and rode away. First, however, I got permission to come over again on the Friday—yesterday, I mean; and now I will tell you exactly what happened then."

"The log had burned down, and the fire was low, when Russel thus ended his story. Cripps was indignant, because he had made up his mind for 'summat of a settlement,' and Esther was full of young womanly thoughts about Cinnaminta and her poor child. But even before they could consult one another, or cross-examine, a loud, sharp knock at the door was heard, and in ran Mary Hookham."

"Oh, if you please, sir—oh, if you please, sir!" she exclaimed with both hands up, "such a thing have turned up—I never! Them stockings! Oh, them silk stockings, sir! Your worship—oh, them silk stockings, sir!"

"Silk stockings, forsooth!" cried Master Cripps, being vexed at this break of the evening. "Why, my grandmother had a whole pair of them! I believe I could find 'em now, I do! Silk stockings, to break up one's comfort for! Not but what I be glad to see you."

"Oh, I am so shocked to trouble you! Natural hair are so provoking, compare to what most people wears nowadays. But about what I come for—oh, your worship, stockings is not what I ought to speak of, except in the ear of females."

"Stockings are a very good subject, Mary; particularly if they are silk ones." "Now, I never thought of that. To be sure, that makes all the difference! Well, then, your worship must know all, and Master Cripps, and Miss Esther, too. It seemeth that Mrs. Fermitage, master's own sister, you know, sir, have never been comfortable in her mind about her behavior when the 'quest' was held. Things lay on her nerves at that time so, that off and on she hardly seemed to

know where she was, or how dooty lay to her. 'You are right,'—'I could not expect her—could you now?—to go through it, as if she was a man; or rather, I should say, a gentleman?'"

"Of course we could not," answered Overshute; and the carrier began to think why not?

"However, she did go through it," said Mary, "as well as the very best man could have done. She covered her feelings. Well, this very day, sir, in my morning dress, and she say to me, 'Mary Hookham,' and I says, 'Yes, ma'am; at your service.' And she ask me without any more to do, for to send at once, without troubling poor master, to fetch them stockings as was put by, to the period of the coroner's quest. Poor master have never been allowed to see them, no more has none of us, sir; for fear of setting on foot some allowance of vulgar curiosity. So I acted according to mother's directions. And between us we got Master Kale to go all the way to Oxford, he carried a letter from Mrs. Fermitage, couched in the thirtieth person, to Mrs. Luke Sharp of Cross Duck House. Master's sister have felt below contempt towards her. And now she put it out and sharp, and word for word I say it to:

"Mrs. Fermitage has the honor of presenting her compliments to Mrs. Sharp, and begs to express her surprise at the strange retention by Mrs. S. of a pair of valuable silk stockings, which are the property of Mrs. F. If they are not in use, it is begged that they may be returned by the bearer."

"And she enough back they come by Mr. Kale about an hour after you left our house, sir. It seems that Mr. Luke Sharp was come to dine with the Corporation, and they never would have come at all, because Mrs. Sharp could not have found them if it hadn't been that Master Sharp, the boy they think such wonders of, just happened to come in from school. He found his mother

"Russel, I believe that is too true. The world has conspired to spoil me. I seem to be quite in a sad position, entirely for the sake of others. I fear that I have not quite acted for the best, entirely as I meant to do so. You remember that horrible state of things, nearly two months ago, and my great distress?"

"At the time of that wretched inquest? Yes; you were timid, as well you might be."

"It was not only that. But the weather was so cold that I scarcely knew what I was doing at all. Hard weather is to me as it is to a plant, a delicate fern, or something. My circulation no longer is correct; even if it goes on at all. I scarcely can answer for what I am doing when they put me into cold rooms, and bitter draughts."

"To be sure, to be sure!" answered Overshute, wondering what was next to come.

"Yes, and that is the manner in which justice is now administered. The canal was frozen, and the people of the inn grinded a quarter of a hundredweight of coal. And the coroner sided with the priest of coal, because he had three top-coats on. The jury, however, with their teeth all chattering, wanted only to be done and go. They were only too glad, when any witness failed to answer when called upon; and having all made up their minds outside, they were shivering to declare them."

"You speak the bare truth, Mrs. Fermitage."

"What verdict does Missus desire? the coroner asked. And he made the rest go accordingly. Nobody knows what they might have sworn, without a clever man to guide them."

"Of course. What can you expect? But still, you have something new to tell me."

(To be continued.)

Could Not Be Settled Out of Court.  
A good story is told concerning a certain magistrate, who always endeavors to smooth over any little differences which may be brought before him.

On the occasion in question the warrant was one for technical assault, and it came out in the course of evidence that the parties were neighbors and had been on the best of terms for some years.

"It is a great pity," said the judge, "that old friends like you seem to have been should appear before me in such a way. Surely this is a case which might be settled out of court."

"It can't be done," answered the plaintiff, moodily. "I thought of that myself, but the cur won't fight."

Royalty's Many Residences.  
The Czar of Russia and the Emperor of Germany might, if they please, dispute with each other as to which of the two owns the greater number of palaces. Each might sleep in a different house every night for a month and not exhaust the number of his various dwelling places. The Czar is said to own many country seats—which are kept up in every detail, furnished and furnished and crowded with servants—into which he has never set foot. King Edward of England, while regularly occupying only four, has a dozen or more houses which are ready for him at all times.

Fair But Decentful.  
Chimney—I told her I'd die if she refused me, an' showed her de dime I'd saved for carbolic acid.  
Johnny—An' wot did she do?  
Chimney (groaning)—Do? She jollied me along till I blowed de dime on soda water, and den refused me.—Puck.

Few men ever attain the popularity of a minister during the first five or six weeks he occupies a new pulpit.

as you see, Mr. Russel, and Master Cripps. And there was my regard at once.  
"I must have a magistrate," she cries; 'an independent justice of the peace. Not my poor brother—too much of him already. Where is that boy Overshute?' she says, saving, of course, your worship's presence. 'I heard he were gone to the carrier's. Mary, run and fetch him.'"

CHAPTER XIII.  
Mr. Overshute had always been on good terms with Mrs. Fermitage. The lady desired no better tutor for her niece than Russel Overshute, and had labored both by word and deed to afford him fair opportunity. Moreover, it was one of her great delights, when time went heavily with her, to foster a quiet little fight between young Russel and his mother. Those two, though filled with the deepest affection and admiration for each other, could scarcely sit half an hour together without a warm argument rising. The late Mr. Overshute had been for years a knight of the shire, and for some few months a member of the Tory government; and this conferred on his widow, of course, authority paramount throughout the county upon every political question. How great, then, was her indignation to find subversive and radically erroneous principles coming up, where none but the best seed had been sown.

Mrs. Fermitage sat well up, in a chair that had been newly stuffed. She was very uncomfortable; and it made her cross, because she was a good-sized woman. She kept on turning, but all for the worse, as she was leaning against her brother's house. The room was gone dark, and the lights going down, while Miss Mary Hookham was revelling in the mansion of the carrier. Nobody cared to hurry for the sake of anybody else, of course; and Mrs. Fermitage could not see what the good of all her money was. The lady was all the more vexed with others, because her own conscience was vexed with her; and as Overshute came with his quick, firm step, she spoke to him rather sharply.

"Well, Russel Overshute, there was a time when you would not have left me to sit in this way by myself all the evening. But that was when I had pretty faces near me."

"My dear Mrs. Fermitage, I had no idea that you were in the house. The good Squire sent me a very nice dinner; but you did not grace it with your presence."

"And for a very good reason, Russel. I have on my mind an anxiety, which precludes all idea of eating."

"Oh, Mrs. Fermitage, never say that. You have been brought up too delicately."

"Russel, I believe that is too true. The world has conspired to spoil me. I seem to be quite in a sad position, entirely for the sake of others. I fear that I have not quite acted for the best, entirely as I meant to do so. You remember that horrible state of things, nearly two months ago, and my great distress?"

"At the time of that wretched inquest? Yes; you were timid, as well you might be."

"It was not only that. But the weather was so cold that I scarcely knew what I was doing at all. Hard weather is to me as it is to a plant, a delicate fern, or something. My circulation no longer is correct; even if it goes on at all. I scarcely can answer for what I am doing when they put me into cold rooms, and bitter draughts."

"To be sure, to be sure!" answered Overshute, wondering what was next to come.

"Yes, and that is the manner in which justice is now administered. The canal was frozen, and the people of the inn grinded a quarter of a hundredweight of coal. And the coroner sided with the priest of coal, because he had three top-coats on. The jury, however, with their teeth all chattering, wanted only to be done and go. They were only too glad, when any witness failed to answer when called upon; and having all made up their minds outside, they were shivering to declare them."

"You speak the bare truth, Mrs. Fermitage."

"What verdict does Missus desire? the coroner asked. And he made the rest go accordingly. Nobody knows what they might have sworn, without a clever man to guide them."

"Of course. What can you expect? But still, you have something new to tell me."

(To be continued.)

Could Not Be Settled Out of Court.  
A good story is told concerning a certain magistrate, who always endeavors to smooth over any little differences which may be brought before him.

On the occasion in question the warrant was one for technical assault, and it came out in the course of evidence that the parties were neighbors and had been on the best of terms for some years.

"It is a great pity," said the judge, "that old friends like you seem to have been should appear before me in such a way. Surely this is a case which might be settled out of court."

"It can't be done," answered the plaintiff, moodily. "I thought of that myself, but the cur won't fight."

Royalty's Many Residences.  
The Czar of Russia and the Emperor of Germany might, if they please, dispute with each other as to which of the two owns the greater number of palaces. Each might sleep in a different house every night for a month and not exhaust the number of his various dwelling places. The Czar is said to own many country seats—which are kept up in every detail, furnished and furnished and crowded with servants—into which he has never set foot. King Edward of England, while regularly occupying only four, has a dozen or more houses which are ready for him at all times.

Fair But Decentful.  
Chimney—I told her I'd die if she refused me, an' showed her de dime I'd saved for carbolic acid.  
Johnny—An' wot did she do?  
Chimney (groaning)—Do? She jollied me along till I blowed de dime on soda water, and den refused me.—Puck.

Few men ever attain the popularity of a minister during the first five or six weeks he occupies a new pulpit.

## MISSOURI'S NEW SENATOR.

Major Wm. Warner, Who Was Chosen Amid a Riotous Scene.

Major William Warner of Kansas City was chosen United States Senator to succeed Francis Marion Cockrell after one of the most stormy scenes ever witnessed in the General Assembly of Missouri. After having been in a deadlock since Jan. 18 the Legislature at 15 minutes before nine adjournment elected Major Warner to fill the contested vacancy. Seven ballots in joint session were taken in effecting a decision, and the closing scenes of the Legislature have not been paralleled in the history of Missouri politics.



MAJOR WILLIAM WARNER.

The time for sine die adjournment had been set for 3 o'clock by concurrent resolution, and as the hour approached the clock was smashed in the melee. Amid an uproar that almost baffled control at times the seventh ballot of the day was cast, resulting in the election of Warner. The vote stood: Warner 91, Cockrell 83, Niedringhaus 1. The total vote was 175, making 88 necessary to a choice.

FROM NORTH TO SOUTH.  
Great Progress Made on Inter-Continental Through Railway.

Slowly but surely for a long time the iron bands that will make possible a journey by rail from Manitoba to Buenos Ayres are being lengthened out. Reports made at a recent meeting of the Pan-American Railway committee, held in Washington, D. C., show that in the past year there has been unusual activity in railway construction in the Latin-American countries, particularly in the way of additional links in the inter-continental trunk line.

An official statement from the Mexican government announces that the line from the Isthmus of Tehuantepec to the border of Guatemala frontier is duly proceeding.

In Central America several inter-oceanic lines are being completed so as to form through connection. The extension of the Argentine railway north into Bolivia is going forward. The Bolivian congress has dedicated the \$10,000,000 received from Brazil as territorial indemnity to railway construction. It is probable that these lines will be built by American capitalists, and United States engineers are now on the ground. In Chili the tunnel through the Andes, which will provide through rail way communication from Buenos Ayres to Valparaiso, is under construction and the material goes from the United States.

Peru is following the law of the Peruvian congress last year, providing a railway guaranty fund. The government has completed surveys for the lines which will close several of the links between Lake Titicaca and the existing systems. In Ecuador work on the railway from Guayaquil to Quito is proceeding.

ONE EFFECT OF THE WAR.  
Many Cargoes Leaving Western Ports for Japan.

One effect of the war in the Far East is to greatly stimulate exports from the northwestern ports of the United States to Japan. The Mikado's success in forcing the Russian bear to take to the tail timber has led to the liberal purchase of supplies, not alone of necessities, but of construction material as well, the whole making many shiploads.

In consequence large numbers of extra steamers are being chartered to rush across the Pacific supplies of many kinds. The big steamship Minnesota, four Japanese liners and the big freighters of the Boston Steamship Company running from Tacoma are insufficient to carry to Japan the immense shipments of barley, flour, meat products and other supplies now piling up at Puget Sound ports. One firm has chartered four large steamships to load at Tacoma during the next thirty days.

At least six heavy cargoes for Japan will leave Tacoma this month, and as many more next. Their cargoes will include railroad supplies and equipment for a road that is being built across Korea. The steamships Shawmut and Tremont have already sailed, with an aggregate of 20,000 tons, chiefly for Japan.

CANADA'S PERIL.  
To Be Invaded by 200,000 Russian Student Immigrants.

Canada is to be invaded by a peaceful army of Russian Student Immigrants, according to a report which says that 200,000 of these people are preparing to emigrate this year and settle in the Canadian Northwest.

There are leaders of public opinion in the Dominion who, having the experience of the United States before them, regard with serious misgivings the steady annual increase of the foreign element in the population of Canada. But the present prospect of hundreds of thousands of European immigrants swarming like locusts over the choice western lands is now giving Canadians something to think about in pursuing the policy of populating the Dominion.

During the early part of the winter the arrivals of Russian Jews in unusually large numbers gave the Canadian authorities very serious trouble. The invasion, therefore, by this new immigrant army of 200,000 persons can only inspire officials and others with feelings of apprehension, if not dismay.

Lawyer Shoots Himself.  
Charles Erd of St. Louis, a lawyer, 35 years old, was found in his apartments at the Hotel Imperial in New York suffering from a self-inflicted bullet wound in the left temple. Mr. Erd declared that he had not attempted to kill himself.

## The Peary Meteorite.

After lying for seven years on the Cobb Dock at the Brooklyn navy yard, the largest mass of native iron known to be in existence in the world has been transported to the American Museum of Natural History, and now is on exhibition there. This mass, which is more than eleven feet long, seven and a half feet high and six feet thick, weighs about thirty-seven tons, and consists of metallic iron alloyed with nearly 8 per cent of nickel and a little cobalt.—St. Nicholas.

What the Dentist Says.  
Toledo, Ohio, March 27th.—(Special.)—Harry T. Lewis, the well known dentist of 607 Summit street, this city, is telling of his remarkable cure of Kidney Disease by using Dodd's Kidney Pills.

"I was flat on my back and must say I had almost given up all hope of ever getting any help," says Dr. Lewis. "My kidneys had troubled me for years. The pain in my back were severe and I had to get up several times at night. I tried different medicines but kept on getting worse till I was laid up."

"Then a friend advised me to try Dodd's Kidney Pills and in about two weeks I started to improve. Now I am glad to admit I am cured and I cannot praise Dodd's Kidney Pills too highly."

If you take Dodd's Kidney Pills when your kidneys first show signs of being out of order you will never have Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Dropsy, Gravel or Rheumatism.

Effects of Prosperity.  
In the six years of the country's greatest prosperity, from 1897 to 1903, average prices of breadstuffs advanced 65 per cent, meats 23.1 per cent, dairy and garden products 50.1 per cent and clothing 24.1. All these were products of the farmer and stockman who profited more than any other class of the community by these advances. The miner benefited 42.1 per cent by that advance in the average price of metals. The only decrease in the average prices of commodities in that period was in railway freights, which decreased from .798 per ton-mile in 1897 to .763 in 1903, a loss of 4.4 per cent. The report of the Interstate Commerce Commission shows that the average increase in the pay of railroad employees in that period was a trifle above 8.5 per cent.

No Quarter.  
The evils which always follow after indigestion, biliousness or constipation will give no quarter. Better fight them to a finish with Dr. Caldwell's (Naxative) Syrup Pepsin. It is a weapon against these dangerous diseases, which will give you quick relief and permanent cure. Sold by all druggists at 50c and \$1.00. Money back if it fails.

Some housekeepers always make a point of buying their soap in large quantities, as they say it improves with age.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.  
Take La Motte's Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 50c.

Where the speech is corrupted the mind is also.—Seneca.

"Dyspepsia Tormented Me for Years. Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy cured me." Mrs. L. B. Dougherty, Millville, N. J. Used over 25 years. 50c.

Don't use a cheap, poor ribbon in millinery.

## MISS BULL RECOVERS

FEARFUL DECLINE OF STRENGTH COMPLETELY ARRESTED.

Medical Skill Had Almost Exhausted Itself in Vain Attempts to Relieve Her—A Remarkable Result.

The recovery of Miss Gertrude L. Bull is of great interest to the medical world. A very bad cough followed a severe attack of pneumonia. It seemed impossible to break it up or to restore her strength, which had been sadly undermined. In spite of the best efforts of the doctors and the use of several advertised modes of treatment her condition daily grew more serious. She finally discontinued all medicine and gave herself up to despair.

"What was your condition at this time?" she was asked.

"My stomach was so weak I could not keep food down. I suffered from constant nausea. My kidneys were in terrible condition. My feet and ankles were swollen so badly that it pained me even to stand on them. I was very bilious. My heart was in bad shape so I could not go up and down stairs or stand any exertion or sleep in a natural position."

"It seems a wonder that you should ever have recovered. How did it happen?"

"You may well call it a marvel, but Dr. Williams' Pink Pills wrought it. None of my friends thought I could live many months longer. My parents had no hope. Just then a pamphlet advertising Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People was thrown in our door. It was a great event for me. These pills saved me from the grave. Within a week from the time I began to take them I felt better, and in three months I was entirely well. I cannot praise Dr. Williams' Pink Pills too highly and I deeply hope that my experience may bring good to some other sufferers."

Miss Bull, who was so remarkably cured, resides at Union Grove, Illinois. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills act immediately on the blood, purifying and enriching it. In all debilitating diseases, such as lung troubles, grip, fevers, and in all cases in which the system is thoroughly run down, these pills perform wonders. They are sold by all druggists throughout the world. A valuable booklet on diseases of the blood, will be sent free to any one who applies for it to Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

SKIN PURIFICATION.  
Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Pills. Cleanse the Skin and Blood of Torturing Humors—Complete Treatment \$1.00.

The agonizing itching and burning of the skin, as in eczema; the frightful scaling, as in psoriasis; the loss of hair and crustings of scurf, as in seborrhea; the facial disfigurement, as in pimples and ring worm; the awful suffering of infants, and anxiety of worn-out parents, as in milk crust, tetter and salt rheum—all demand a remedy of almost superhuman virtues to successfully cope with them. That Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Pills are such stands proven by the testimony of the civilized world.

Pilo's Cure for Consumption cured me of a tenacious and persistent cough.—Wm. H. Harrison, 227 W. 121st street, New York, March 25, 1901.

## WOMEN NOT TRUTHFUL

This Statement Has Been Unjustly Made, Because Modest Women Evade Questions Asked By Male Physicians.



An eminent physician says that "Women are not truthful; they will lie to their physician." This statement should be qualified; women do tell the truth, but not the whole truth, to a male physician, but this is only in regard to those painful and troublesome disorders peculiar to their sex.

There can be no more terrible ordeal to a delicate, sensitive, refined woman than to be obliged to answer certain questions when those questions are asked, even by her family physician. This is especially the case with unmarried women.

Is it any wonder, then, that women continue to suffer and that doctors fail to cure female diseases when they cannot get the proper information to work on?

This is the reason why thousands and thousands of women are now corresponding with Mrs. Pinkham. To her they can and do give every symptom, so that she really knows more about the true condition of her patients than the physician who personally questions them.

If you suffer from any form of trouble peculiar to women, write at once to Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., and she will advise you free of charge.

The fact that this great boon, which is extended freely to women by Mrs. Pinkham, is appreciated, the thousands of letters received by her prove. Many such grateful letters as the following are constantly pouring in.

Ask Mrs. Pinkham's Advice—A Woman Best Understands A Woman's Ills.

Mrs. Ella Lee, Frankford, Ind., writes: "Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—I want to thank you for what your medicine has done for me."

"Three years ago I had inflammation of the ovaries and ulcers on my womb. I was under the doctor's care for about three months, and the only time I was not in pain was when under the influence of morphine. The doctor finally said I never would be better, and would be an invalid the rest of my life. I had given up in despair, but one evening I came across one of your advertisements and decided to write you for advice. I did so and commenced to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I began to improve at once, and to-day I am a well woman, and I know it is all due to your advice and medicine."

Mrs. J. H. Farmer of 2809 Elliott Avenue, St. Louis, Mo., writes: "Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—I cannot thank you enough for what your advice and medicine have done for me. They have done me more good than all the doctors I ever had."

"For the last eight years I have suffered with female troubles; was very weak; had nervous prostration, and could not do any work; but I am happy to say Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has made a different woman of me. I am in perfect health and have gained in weight from 93 pounds to 123 pounds."

No other medicine in the world has received such widespread and unqualified endorsement. No other medicine has such a record for actual cures of female ills as has Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health. Address, Lynn, Mass.







## BANK OF ANTIOCH

EDWARD BROOK,  
BANKER.

BUY AND SELL EXCHANGE,  
AND DO A GENERAL  
BANKING BUSINESS.

## WISCONSIN CENTRAL RAILWAY CO.

Antioch Station 58 Miles North of Chicago

TIME CARD—Antioch Station.

GOING NORTH Ar. Antioch.  
8:55 AM—No. 8, Daily except Sunday 10:40 AM  
1:30 PM—No. 7, Daily except Sunday 3:15 PM  
4:00 PM—No. 13, Daily 6:30 PM

GOING SOUTH Ar. Chicago.  
11:17 AM—No. 8, Daily except Sunday 1:56 PM  
4:20 PM—No. 8, Daily except Sunday 6:16 PM  
10:30 PM—No. 4, Daily 12:50 PM

Patrons can now board the above trains at Halsted street, Chicago, instead of the Central station if so desired.

GEO. KUHAUPT, Agent, Antioch.



LOTUS CAMP No. 537 M. W. A. meets at 7:30 the first and third Monday evening of every month, in Woodmen hall, Antioch, Illinois. Visiting brothers always welcome. The Eastern Star meets Second and Fourth Wednesdays of each month.

SEQUOIA LODGE, No. 877, A. F. & A. M., holds regular communication the first and third Wednesday evening of every month. Visiting Brethren always welcome.

**A Question.**  
Because the rose must fade,  
Shall I not love the rose?  
Because the summer shade  
Passes when winter blows,  
Shall I not rest me there  
In the cold air?

Because the sunset sky  
Makes the music in my soul,  
Only to fall and die,  
Shall I not take the whole  
Of beauty that it gives  
While yet it lives?  
—Richard Watson Gild.

**Men That Succeed.**  
The men whom I have seen succeed best in life have always been cheerful and hopeful men, who went about their business with a smile on their faces, and took the changes and chances of this mortal life like men, facing rough and smooth alike as it came.—Charles Kingsley.

**The Ideal Holiday.**  
To be allowed to live on the simplest fare and read all day would be a real holiday to many of us; to receive no letters, read no papers, enter on no discussions, have no plans to make, no times to keep, no trains to catch, to get up, go to bed, talk, or keep silence just as and when we choose, would be paradise to others of us could we but have such a holiday.—Lady's Pictorial.

**Startling Mortality.**  
Statistics show startling mortality, from appendicitis and peritonitis. To prevent and cure these awful diseases, there is just one reliable remedy, Dr. King's New Life Pills. M. Flannery, of 14 Custom House Place, Chicago, says: "They have no equal for constipation and biliousness." 25c at J. H. Swan, druggist.

**Graphite Mining.**  
The island of Ceylon is one of the largest graphite mining countries in the world. Large deposits of graphite are also being exploited in Siberia, chiefly in the neighborhood of Irkutsk, on Lake Baikal.

**When Nerves Are Distressed.**  
That sinking sensation is due to the effects of indigestion, grief or nervous depression from some cause or other acting upon the large sympathetic nerves. Stimulants should be avoided, and great care exercised as to diet.

**Has Appropriate Monument.**  
A German pencil-maker, recently deceased, has over his grave a gigantic stone representation of half a lead-pencil set as a tombstone. It is of red sandstone, with a core of graphite 8 inches in diameter.

**A Severe Cold for Three Months.**  
The following letter from A. J. Nussbaum, of Bensenville, Ind., tells its own story: "I suffered for three months with a severe cold. A druggist prepared me some medicine, and a physician prescribed for me, yet I did not improve. I then tried Foley's Honey and Tar, and eight doses cured me." Refuse substitutes. Sold by J. H. Swan.

**Dawn of Japanese Freedom.**  
It was only in 1868 that the Emperor repealed the law forbidding Japanese subjects to leave their own country. In 1900 there were 124,000 Japanese living abroad, fifteen of whom were in Russia.

**Swore on His Own Bible.**  
A cautious grand juror at the Old Bailey, London, brought his own Bible with him to be sworn upon and so took no risk of microbes.

## KILL THE COUGH AND CURE THE LUNGS

WITH **Dr. King's  
New Discovery**  
FOR CONSUMPTION  
COUGHS and  
COLD  
Price  
50c & \$1.00  
Free Trial.

Swiftest and Quickest Cure for all  
THROAT and LUNG TROUBLES,  
COLD, or MONEY BACK.

## Ayer's

Your doctor will tell you that thin, pale, weak, nervous children become strong and well by taking Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Small doses, for a few days.

## Sarsaparilla

The change is very prompt and very marked. Ask your doctor why it is. He has our formula and will explain.

"When 15 years old, for many months no doubt I could live because of thin blood, but a few weeks Ayer's Sarsaparilla completely restored me to health."  
—Miss E. BUCKMINSTER, Vineland, N. J.

For **The Children**

Biliousness, constipation prevent recovery. Cure these with Ayer's Pills.

SLAVES SATISFIED WITH LOT.

Under Mohammedan Masters Conditions Are Not Severe.

"In Zanzibar and Pemba slaves are very few to take advantage of the regulars that give them the right to claim their freedom," says a traveler. "They realize that so long as they are well used their position is superior to that of the man whose freedom is his sole asset. I have found the same attitude in North Africa. From Morocco to Tripoli one sees many of the slaves well content and flourishing. The famine, the locusts, the drought and the tax collector have no terror for them; work keeps them healthy, they have enough to eat and drink and the future has no meaning at all. There is promotion; there are confidential missions to govern and friends that elevate a slave, if only in the eyes of his fellows, and there is always a chance of manumission when the owner dies and wishes to have some good deeds recorded in the books of Islam's recording angels. The sorry truth of the matter is that slaves under Mohammedan rule are much better off than they are under the rule of white men in America and elsewhere."

Strike Hidden Rocks

When your ship of health strikes the hidden rocks of consumption, pneumonia, etc., you are lost if you don't get help from Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption. J. W. McKinnon, of Talladega Springs, Ala., writes: "I had been very ill with pneumonia, under the care of two doctors, but was getting no better when I began to take Dr. King's New Discovery. The first dose gave me relief, and one bottle cured me." See cure for cough, throat, bronchitis, coughed colds. Guaranteed at J. H. Swan's drug store, price 50c and \$1. Trial bottle free.

**His Impression.**  
"What do you think of this idea of voting by machine?"  
"Well," answered Farmer Cornutusel, "I understand that politics is run by machine up to that point. I don't see any reason for stopping."—Washington Star.

**Cynical.**  
"Which do you think counts for the most in life, money or brains?"  
"Well," answered Miss Cayenne, "I see so many people who manage to get on with so little either that I am beginning to lose my respect for both."

**Old Habit.**  
"He tried to sell me an automobile to-day."  
"You don't say? What he used to be a horse dealer?"  
"I thought so. He recommended the auto he was selling as 'round and gentle.'"

**Supreme Test.**  
The Fiancee—Jack.  
The Fiancee—What is it darling?  
The Fiancee—Are you quite sure I am the only girl you ever told about the other girls you've been in love with?

**Misunderstanding.**  
Kate—Dolly is wearing Louis XV. shoes now.  
Belle—I knew they were pretty big, but I didn't think they were more than rears.

**Large Sum for Historic Door.**  
Five thousand dollars was recently paid in Paris for the door through which, during the French revolution, Marie Antoinette, Charlotte Corday and Danton went out to execution.

**Peculiar Fatal Accident.**  
Smoking a pipe while riding a bicycle proved fatal to an English "drummer" recently. He fell, and the stem of his pipe was driven into his tongue. Nicotine entered the wound, and set up blood poisoning.

**Dangers of Pneumonia.**  
A cold at this time if neglected is liable to cause pneumonia which is so often fatal, and even when the patient has recovered the lungs are weakened, making them peculiarly susceptible to the development of consumption. Foley's Honey and Tar will stop the cough, heal and strengthen the lungs and prevent pneumonia. Sold by J. H. Swan.

## No Case of Pneumonia on Record

There is no case on record of a cold resulting in Pneumonia, or other serious lung trouble, after

## FOLEY'S HONEY and TAR

had been taken.

It stops the cough and heals the lungs and prevents serious results from a cold.

Do not take chances on a cold wearing away or experiment with some unknown preparation that costs you the same as Foley's Honey and Tar.

Remember the name and get the genuine.

A Severe Cold for Three Months.

The following letter from A. J. Nussbaum, of Bensenville, Ind., tells its own story: "I suffered for three months with a severe cold. A druggist prepared me some medicine, and a physician prescribed for me, yet I did not improve. I then tried Foley's Honey and Tar, and eight doses cured me."

Three sizes—25c, 50c, \$1.00.  
The 50 cent size contains two and one-half times as much as the small size and the \$1.00 bottle almost six times as much.

## SOLD AND RECOMMENDED BY JAMES H. SWAN

His Proposal.



Mr. White Ear—"And now that you have accepted me, Miss Berkshire, may I put this little ring in your—er—nose?"

**His Prescription Failed.**  
Doctor (after the diagnosis)—Apparently your system is run down from nervousness superinduced by loss of sleep. My advice would be for you to try sleeping on your left side awhile.

**Fair Patient.**—But, doctor, I am slightly deaf in my right ear—and my husband talks in his sleep.

**Doubtful Authority.**  
Uncle Josh—There's an article here on how to feed poultry.

**Aunt Hetty.**—Anything amusing about it?

**Uncle Josh.**—No, except that the editor isn't making much of a success of feeding himself, let alone telling how to feed poultry.

**The Colonel's Waterloo.**  
Col. John M. Fuller, of Honey Grove, Texas, nearly met his Waterloo, from liver and kidney trouble. In a recent letter, he says: "I was nearly dead, of these complaints, and, although I tried my family doctor, he did me no good; so I got a 50c bottle of your great Electric Bitters, which cured me. I consider them the best medicine on earth, and thank God who gave you the knowledge to make them." Sold, and guaranteed to cure dyspepsia, biliousness and kidney disease, by J. H. Swan, druggist, at 50c a bottle.

**Apples in China.**  
Apples, in central China, are soft, lack flavor, and have no keeping qualities. Imported American varieties are doing comparatively well, but soon lose their best qualities.

**Foley's Honey and Tar.**  
Cures coughs and colds.  
Cures bronchitis and asthma.  
Cures croup and whooping cough.  
Cures hoarseness and bronchial troubles.  
Cures pneumonia and influenza.  
Sold by J. H. Swan.

## A Personal Letter from Mr. Shaw

When looking for a new factory superintendent two years ago, I visited the three great vehicle centers of the Central West; talked to and investigated the records of thirty men, many of them having charge of some of the largest factories in the country. I found my man. I know that we have one of the very best vehicle factory superintendents in America. He has had twenty years' experience in buggy building. All that time he has been accustomed to

ing more in wages. This means we have a higher class of mechanics. The result is better quality of work.  
We had over 60,000 orders in this department last year. Very busy now, but we have a lot of good, experienced men to help. People are realizing that this is the place to buy vehicles.

priced buggy. Imagine what they said! There was no mistake at all. The facts are (and I will stake my reputation upon it) that we are giving our customers stronger and more durable vehicles, better made in every way, easier riding, more stylishly trimmed, better finished and altogether with more lasting qualities for the money than any other buggy concern in the world.

Our vehicle business in 1904 increased 20 per cent; other houses fell behind 80 per cent. We never put a \$50 description on a \$40 job.

We have purchased material for manufacturing twice as many vehicles in 1905 as in 1904. We paid spot cash for it. We expect great things. Have really put prices upon the finished work that are extraordinarily low when considering the quality. Send us your order and we guarantee to return you good material and good labor in the shape of a good rig.

Send for

## Our Vehicle Catalogue

The descriptions in our vehicle catalogue are correct. We have the goods to back them up. We know what's under the paint. If you have not received a copy ask for it. Order



MONTGOMERY WARD & CO. VEHICLE FACTORY AT CHICAGO HEIGHTS, ILL. (25 miles south of Chicago)

making high grade work. That is our class. I attend personally to the buying of materials; am thoroughly conversant with every kind, size, the weight, grade, strength, finish, price and general construction of every piece of woodwork, hardware, steel, leather, cloth, paint and varnish that goes into our work; have visited and examined the material, and have torn apart the finished work of six or eight of the largest factories; want to say that I am confident we are building a better buggy than these factories ship to the dealer at one-third more than the price we ask you. A fact. Think it over.

Our pay roll, when compared with that of other factories, shows that we are pay-

I know of factories who build practically but one buggy, but have possibly twenty different prices. To explain: Here is their \$35.00 buggy; their \$40.00 buggy has the same wheels, body, axles, gear, shafts, top, etc., as their \$35.00 job, with possibly 50 cents more in little material things; and so forth all the way along the line. We grade our work. We make the same small percentage of profit on a \$50.00 job that we do on a \$35.00. On high-priced work we are not only giving better quality of material and better finish, but more improvements and little equipments which you do not find on the cheaper rig.

Recently a certain manufacturing concern which builds work for a catalogue house, ordered, through another party, one of our low-priced buggies and had it shipped to their factory for examination. They wanted to know why people were buying Ward's vehicles. Upon receipt of the job it had so many features of the higher priced buggies, such a fine finish, and was so stylish and well proportioned in every way that they concluded we had made a mistake and sent them our highest



MR. F. L. SHAW

with this understanding: That if upon receipt you are not satisfied, write us and we will have the job returned, promptly refund your money and pay the expense both ways.

We shall be pleased at any time to have our customers visit our plant, and, personally, will be glad to answer any questions regarding our work, or to assist you in any way possible in the selection of a job or to quote and purchase for you any special vehicle that we may not catalogue.

F. L. SHAW, Gen'l Manager Vehicle Factory

## Montgomery Ward & Co., Chicago

Michigan Avenue, Madison & Washington Streets

## PLAYED WITH POSTAGE STAMP.

Wide-Awake Youngster Kept Quiet While Father Worked.

"I've found a new use for my postage stamps," said a pater-familias the other day. "I was left at home to take care of our ten-months-old boy while my wife was out bargain hunting. It was my plan to put the little fellow to sleep, then get at the pile of unanswered letters on my desk. My plans miscarried—for awhile. The little chap persisted in staying awake and clamoring for my attention. I devised many forms of amusement for him, but none lasted long enough for me to get really to work."

"In looking about for something which should insure me more than a breathing spell I caught sight of a bright, new two-cent postage stamp. I thought of the little fellow's love for color—took the stamp and pasted it securely on the palm of his hand. It was a grand success. He played with that newly decorated hand for an hour—then relief came in the return of his mother."

**She Demanded a Count.**  
"The other day," remarked a physician, "when I was called in to attend a little patient I found the girl was suffering from measles. She demanded to know what was the nature of her illness, and her mother repeated the question."

"Oh, I said, as I left the room, 'you may tell Elsie she has measles.'"

"Quick as a flash the child said: 'Ask the doctor how many!'"

**Out of the Mouth, Etc.**  
The Sunday school teacher was telling her scholars about the fall of Jericho.

"And the people marched around and around," she said, "singing songs and blowing trumpets, until all of a sudden down came the walls and—"

"If they sung like my sister does," interrupted the littlest chap, "it ain't no wonder they fell down."—Lippincott's.

**During a Lull in the Conversation.**  
"I admired that last piece you played, professor, immensely," said Mrs. Gaswell. "It had a kind of wild freedom about it, you know, a sort of get up and go that just suited me. Was it a composition of your own?"

"Madam," frigidly responded the eminent musician who had been hired for the occasion, "I was putting a new B string on my violin."

**Uncle Eben.**  
"Talkin' about prosperity," said Uncle Eben, "dar ain' no kind dat beats a clear conscience an' a good appetite."

## Couldn't Understand It.

She (reading)—A scientist says a woman's brain loses weight after she is thirty-five.

He—I don't see how he found it out. She—You don't?

He—No. As I understand it a woman never gets to be over thirty.

**But She Didn't Wait.**  
"I'm glad to hear you're fond of music, Mr. Fortay. Shall I sing?" said Miss Skreech.

"Why—er—really, if you will—" stammered Mr. Fortay.

"Shall I sing 'When I Am Gone'?" "Yes. 'When I Am Gone.'"

**Thankful Parent.**  
"I understand the engagement of Flora Fluttorby was announced at a family Thanksgiving dinner."

"Yes, old Fluttorby announced it under the head of things we ought to be thankful for. Flora is 34, you know."

**She Wasn't Jealous, Then.**  
Patience—Did you see Mrs. Styles' new hair switch?

Patience—Yes; isn't it a beauty? Do you know where she got it?

"Indeed I do—from her husband. I believe he brought home a hair at a time on his coat."

**Frost-Resisting Plans.**  
At the government station Lulea, in Sweden, experiments are being made to secure varieties of plants not likely to be injured by frost.

**Zulus Swift Runners.**  
The rate at which the Zulus can run in an emergency is astonishing. Some will cover as much as fifty miles in six hours. Eight miles in an hour is an ordinary feat.

**Bounty for Rats.**  
An international league for the extermination of rats has been formed in Denmark. In Berlin the municipal authorities are offering a penny for every rat's tail delivered.

**Rhymed on Tyme.**  
An old lady who lived down at Boerne had bought her new-fangled choirs; she went to a neighbor.

"Who churned with much leghor And told her to buy one like hoars."

**Japanese Newspapers.**  
The first Japanese newspaper was published in 1863, only forty-one years ago, and contained some news translated from the Dutch papers. To-day Japan has 1,600 daily newspapers and periodicals.

## TAKE WINE OF CARDUI AT HOME

Are you a sufferer?  
Has your doctor been unsuccessful?  
Wouldn't you prefer to treat yourself—AT HOME?

Nearly 1,500,000 women have bought Wine of Cardui from their druggists and have cured themselves at home, of such troubles as periodical, bearing down and ovarian pains, leucorrhoea, barrenness, nervousness, dizziness, nausea and despondency, caused by female weakness. These are not easy cases. Wine of Cardui cures when the doctor can't.

Wine of Cardui does not irritate the organs. There is no pain in the treatment. It is a soothing tonic of healing herbs, free from strong and drastic drugs. It is successful because it cures in a natural way.

Wine of Cardui can be bought from your druggist at \$1.00 a bottle and you can begin this treatment today. Will you try it?

In cases requiring special directions, address: giving symptoms, The Ladies' Advisory Dept., The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

**Duck Is Natural Surgeon.**  
A hunter who lives at Kustrin, Germany, shot and wounded a wild duck. When he came across it, after a long search, he found that it had tried to stay the flow of blood under the wing by stuffing in a number of grass blades.

**What London Spends on Cabs.**  
A statistician has arrived at the conclusion that \$25,000,000 is spent yearly by the public of London on cabs. He also estimates that of that great sum perhaps \$7,500,000 represents tips and overcharges.

**Unprintable.**  
What do you suppose a father thinks when his son picks up a mandolin, a baseball bat, a tennis racket and a bag of golf sticks, and starts off to college?—Atchison Globe.

**Pneumonia Follows a Cold**  
but never follows the use of Foley's Honey and Tar. It stops the cough, heals and strengthens the lungs and affords perfect security from an attack of pneumonia. Refuse substitutes. Sold by J. H. Swan.